H. R. 526

To amend the Public Health Service Act, the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, and the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to protect consumers in managed care plans and other health coverage.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

February 8, 2001

Mr. Ganske (for himself, Mr. Dingell, Mr. Leach, Mr. Berry, Mrs. Rou-KEMA, Mr. BROWN of Ohio, Mrs. MORELLA, Mr. JOHN, Mr. GILMAN, Mr. Andrews, Mr. LaTourette, Mr. Rangel, Mr. Stenholm, Mr. SANDLIN, Mr. STUPAK, Mr. PALLONE, Mr. TOWNS, Ms. ESHOO, Mrs. CAPPS, Mr. GREEN of Texas, Mr. GORDON, Ms. McCarthy of Missouri, Mr. Engel, Mr. Moore, Mr. Stickland, Mr. Markey, Mr. Sawyer, Mrs. Davis of California, Mr. Barrett, Mr. Wynn, Mr. Stark, Mr. Waxman, Mr. Rush, Mr. Boucher, Mr. Hall of Texas, Mr. Bishop, Mr. Turner, Ms. Harman, Mr. Pascrell, Mrs. McCarthy of New York, Mr. Frank, Mr. Matsui, Mr. Coyne, Mr. McDermott, Mr. CARDIN, Mr. LEVIN, Mr. McNulty, Mr. Jefferson, Mr. Becerra, Mr. Lewis of Georgia, Mr. Kleczka, Mrs. Thurman, Mr. Boswell, Mr. Crowley, Mr. Tierney, Mr. Hoeffel, and Mr. Meehan) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committees on Education and the Workforce, and Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To amend the Public Health Service Act, the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, and the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to protect consumers in managed care plans and other health coverage.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Bipartisan Patient Protection Act of 2001".
- 6 (b) Table of Contents of Contents of
- 7 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

TITLE I—IMPROVING MANAGED CARE

- Subtitle A—Utilization Review; Claims; and Internal and External Appeals
- Sec. 101. Utilization review activities.
- Sec. 102. Procedures for initial claims for benefits and prior authorization determinations.
- Sec. 103. Internal appeals of claims denials.
- Sec. 104. Independent external appeals procedures.

Subtitle B—Access to Care

- Sec. 111. Consumer choice option.
- Sec. 112. Choice of health care professional.
- Sec. 113. Access to emergency care.
- Sec. 114. Timely access to specialists.
- Sec. 115. Patient access to obstetrical and gynecological care.
- Sec. 116. Access to pediatric care.
- Sec. 117. Continuity of care.
- Sec. 118. Access to needed prescription drugs.
- Sec. 119. Coverage for individuals participating in approved clinical trials.
- Sec. 120. Required coverage for minimum hospital stay for mastectomies and lymph node dissections for the treatment of breast cancer and coverage for secondary consultations.

Subtitle C—Access to Information

Sec. 121. Patient access to information.

Subtitle D—Protecting the Doctor-Patient Relationship

- Sec. 131. Prohibition of interference with certain medical communications.
- Sec. 132. Prohibition of discrimination against providers based on licensure.
- Sec. 133. Prohibition against improper incentive arrangements.
- Sec. 134. Payment of claims.
- Sec. 135. Protection for patient advocacy.

Subtitle E—Definitions

Sec. 151. Definitions.

- Sec. 152. Preemption; State flexibility; construction.
- Sec. 153. Exclusions.
- Sec. 154. Coverage of limited scope plans.
- Sec. 155. Regulations.
- Sec. 156. Incorporation into plan or coverage documents.

TITLE II—APPLICATION OF QUALITY CARE STANDARDS TO GROUP HEALTH PLANS AND HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE UNDER THE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE ACT

- Sec. 201. Application to group health plans and group health insurance coverage.
- Sec. 202. Application to individual health insurance coverage.

TITLE III—AMENDMENTS TO THE EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT INCOME SECURITY ACT OF 1974

- Sec. 301. Application of patient protection standards to group health plans and group health insurance coverage under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974.
- Sec. 302. Availability of civil remedies.
- Sec. 303. Limitations on actions.

TITLE IV—AMENDMENTS TO THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1986

Subtitle A—Application of Patient Protection Provisions

- Sec. 401. Application of requirements to group health plans under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.
- Sec. 402. Conforming enforcement for women's health and cancer rights.

Subtitle B—Health Care Coverage Access Tax Incentives

- Sec. 411. Expanded availability of Archer MSAs.
- Sec. 412. Deduction for 100 percent of health insurance costs of self-employed individuals.
- Sec. 413. Credit for health insurance expenses of small businesses.
- Sec. 414. Certain grants by private foundations to qualified health benefit purchasing coalitions.
- Sec. 415. State grant program for market innovation.

TITLE V—EFFECTIVE DATES; COORDINATION IN IMPLEMENTATION

- Sec. 501. Effective dates.
- Sec. 502. Coordination in implementation.
- Sec. 503. Severability.

1	TITLE I—IMPROVING MANAGED
2	CARE
3	Subtitle A—Utilization Review
4	Claims; and Internal and Exter-
5	nal Appeals
6	SEC. 101. UTILIZATION REVIEW ACTIVITIES.
7	(a) Compliance With Requirements.—
8	(1) In general.—A group health plan, and a
9	health insurance issuer that provides health insur
10	ance coverage, shall conduct utilization review activi
11	ties in connection with the provision of benefit
12	under such plan or coverage only in accordance with
13	a utilization review program that meets the require
14	ments of this section and section 102.
15	(2) Use of outside agents.—Nothing in this
16	section shall be construed as preventing a group
17	health plan or health insurance issuer from arrang
18	ing through a contract or otherwise for persons of
19	entities to conduct utilization review activities on be
20	half of the plan or issuer, so long as such activitie
21	are conducted in accordance with a utilization review
22	program that meets the requirements of this section
23	(3) Utilization review defined.—For pur

used to monitor or evaluate the use or coverage, clinical necessity, appropriateness, efficacy, or efficiency of health care services, procedures or settings, and includes prospective review, concurrent review, second opinions, case management, discharge planning, or retrospective review.

(b) Written Policies and Criteria.—

(1) Written Policies.—A utilization review program shall be conducted consistent with written policies and procedures that govern all aspects of the program.

(2) Use of written criteria.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Such a program shall utilize written clinical review criteria developed with input from a range of appropriate actively practicing health care professionals, as determined by the plan, pursuant to the program. Such criteria shall include written clinical review criteria that are based on valid clinical evidence where available and that are directed specifically at meeting the needs of at-risk populations and covered individuals with chronic conditions or severe illnesses, including gender-specific criteria and pediatric-specific criteria where available and appropriate.

1	(B) Continuing use of standards in
2	RETROSPECTIVE REVIEW.—If a health care
3	service has been specifically pre-authorized or
4	approved for a participant, beneficiary, or en-
5	rollee under such a program, the program shall
6	not, pursuant to retrospective review, revise or
7	modify the specific standards, criteria, or proce-
8	dures used for the utilization review for proce-
9	dures, treatment, and services delivered to the
10	enrollee during the same course of treatment.
11	(C) REVIEW OF SAMPLE OF CLAIMS DENI-
12	ALS.—Such a program shall provide for a peri-
13	odic evaluation of the clinical appropriateness of
14	at least a sample of denials of claims for bene-
15	fits.
16	(c) Conduct of Program Activities.—
17	(1) Administration by Health care pro-
18	FESSIONALS.—A utilization review program shall be
19	administered by qualified health care professionals
20	who shall oversee review decisions.
21	(2) Use of qualified, independent per-
22	SONNEL.—
23	(A) In General.—A utilization review
24	program shall provide for the conduct of utiliza-

tion review activities only through personnel

- who are qualified and have received appropriate training in the conduct of such activities under the program.
 - (B) PROHIBITION OF CONTINGENT COM-PENSATION ARRANGEMENTS.—Such a program shall not, with respect to utilization review activities, permit or provide compensation or anything of value to its employees, agents, or contractors in a manner that encourages denials of claims for benefits.
 - (C) PROHIBITION OF CONFLICTS.—Such a program shall not permit a health care professional who is providing health care services to an individual to perform utilization review activities in connection with the health care services being provided to the individual.
 - (3) Accessibility of Review.—Such a program shall provide that appropriate personnel performing utilization review activities under the program, including the utilization review administrator, are reasonably accessible by toll-free telephone during normal business hours to discuss patient care and allow response to telephone requests, and that appropriate provision is made to receive and respond promptly to calls received during other hours.

1	(4) Limits on frequency.—Such a program
2	shall not provide for the performance of utilization
3	review activities with respect to a class of services
4	furnished to an individual more frequently than is
5	reasonably required to assess whether the services
6	under review are medically necessary or appropriate.
7	SEC. 102. PROCEDURES FOR INITIAL CLAIMS FOR BENE-
8	FITS AND PRIOR AUTHORIZATION DETER-
9	MINATIONS.
10	(a) Procedures of Initial Claims for Bene-
11	FITS.—
12	(1) In general.—A group health plan, or
13	health insurance issuer offering health insurance
14	coverage, shall—
15	(A) make a determination on an initial
16	claim for benefits by a participant, beneficiary,
17	or enrollee (or authorized representative) re-
18	garding payment or coverage for items or serv-
19	ices under the terms and conditions of the plan
20	or coverage involved, including any cost-sharing
21	amount that the participant, beneficiary, or en-
22	rollee is required to pay with respect to such
23	claim for benefits; and
24	(B) notify a participant, beneficiary, or en-
25	rollee (or authorized representative) and the

treating health care professional involved regarding a determination on an initial claim for benefits made under the terms and conditions of the plan or coverage, including any cost-sharing amounts that the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee may be required to make with respect to such claim for benefits, and of the right of the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee to an internal appeal under section 103.

(2) Access to information.—

(A) Timely provision of necessary information.—With respect to an initial claim for benefits, the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) and the treating health care professional (if any) shall provide the plan or issuer with access to information requested by the plan or issuer that is necessary to make a determination relating to the claim. Such access shall be provided not later than 5 days after the date on which the request for information is received, or, in a case described in subparagraph (B) or (C) of subsection (b)(1), by such earlier time as may be necessary to comply with the applicable timeline under such subparagraph.

- (B) Limited effect of failure on Plan or issuer, beneficiary, or enrollee to comply with the requirements of subparagraph (A) shall not remove the obligation of the plan or issuer to make a decision in accordance with the medical exigencies of the case and as soon as possible, based on the available information, and failure to comply with the time limit established by this paragraph shall not remove the obligation of the plan or issuer to comply with the requirements of this section.
 - (3) ORAL REQUESTS.—In the case of a claim for benefits involving an expedited or concurrent determination, a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) may make an initial claim for benefits orally, but a group health plan, or health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, may require that the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) provide written confirmation of such request in a timely manner on a form provided by the plan or issuer. In the case of such an oral request for benefits, the making of the request (and the timing of such request) shall be treated as the making at that

time of a claims for such benefits without regard to whether and when a written confirmation of such request is made.

(b) Timeline for Making Determinations.—

(1) Prior authorization determination.—

(A) In General.—A group health plan, or health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, shall make a prior authorization determination on a claim for benefits (whether oral or written) in accordance with the medical exigencies of the case and as soon as possible, but in no case later than 14 days from the date on which the plan or issuer receives information that is reasonably necessary to enable the plan or issuer to make a determination on the request for prior authorization and in no case later than 28 days after the date of the claim for benefits is received.

(B) Expedited Determination.—Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), a group health plan, or health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, shall expedite a prior authorization determination on a claim for benefits described in such subparagraph when a request for such an expedited determination is

made by a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) at any time during the process for making a determination and a health care professional certifies, with the request, that a determination under the procedures described in subparagraph (A) would seriously jeopardize the life or health of the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee or the ability of the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee to maintain or regain maximum function. Such determination shall be made in accordance with the medical exigencies of the case and as soon as possible, but in no case later than 72 hours after the time the request is received by the plan or issuer under this subparagraph.

(C) Ongoing care.—

(i) Concurrent review.—

(I) IN GENERAL.—Subject to clause (ii), in the case of a concurrent review of ongoing care (including hospitalization), which results in a termination or reduction of such care, the plan or issuer must provide by telephone and in printed form notice of the concurrent review determination

1	to the individual or the individual's
2	designee and the individual's health
3	care provider in accordance with the
4	medical exigencies of the case and as
5	soon as possible, with sufficient time
6	prior to the termination or reduction
7	to allow for an appeal under section
8	103(b)(3) to be completed before the
9	termination or reduction takes effect.
10	(II) Contents of Notice.—
11	Such notice shall include, with respect
12	to ongoing health care items and serv-
13	ices, the number of ongoing services
14	approved, the new total of approved
15	services, the date of onset of services,
16	and the next review date, if any, as
17	well as a statement of the individual's
18	rights to further appeal.
19	(ii) Rule of construction.—Clause
20	(i) shall not be construed as requiring
21	plans or issuers to provide coverage of care
22	that would exceed the coverage limitations
23	for such care.
24	(2) Retrospective Determination.—A
25	group health plan, or health insurance issuer offer-

- 1 ing health insurance coverage, shall make a retro-
- 2 spective determination on a claim for benefits in ac-
- 3 cordance with the medical exigencies of the case and
- 4 as soon as possible, but not later than 30 days after
- 5 the date on which the plan or issuer receives infor-
- 6 mation that is reasonably necessary to enable the
- 7 plan or issuer to make a determination on the claim,
- 8 or, if earlier, 60 days after the date of receipt of the
- 9 claim for benefits.
- 10 (c) Notice of a Denial of a Claim for Bene-
- 11 Fits.—Written notice of a denial made under an initial
- 12 claim for benefits shall be issued to the participant, bene-
- 13 ficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) and the
- 14 treating health care professional in accordance with the
- 15 medical exigencies of the case and as soon as possible, but
- 16 in no case later than 2 days after the date of the deter-
- 17 mination (or, in the case described in subparagraph (B)
- 18 or (C) of subsection (b)(1), within the 72-hour or applica-
- 19 ble period referred to in such subparagraph).
- 20 (d) Requirements of Notice of Determina-
- 21 TIONS.—The written notice of a denial of a claim for bene-
- 22 fits determination under subsection (c) shall be provided
- 23 in printed form and written in a manner calculated to be
- 24 understood by the average participant, beneficiary, or en-
- 25 rollee and shall include—

- 1 (1) the specific reasons for the determination 2 (including a summary of the clinical or scientific evi-3 dence used in making the determination);
 - (2) the procedures for obtaining additional information concerning the determination; and
 - (3) notification of the right to appeal the determination and instructions on how to initiate an appeal in accordance with section 103.
 - (e) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this part:
 - (1) AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE.—The term "authorized representative" means, with respect to an individual who is a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee, any health care professional or other person acting on behalf of the individual with the individual's consent or without such consent if the individual is medically unable to provide such consent.
 - (2) CLAIM FOR BENEFITS.—The term "claim for benefits" means any request for coverage (including authorization of coverage), for eligibility, or for payment in whole or in part, for an item or service under a group health plan or health insurance coverage.
 - (3) DENIAL OF CLAIM FOR BENEFITS.—The term "denial" means, with respect to a claim for benefits, a denial (in whole or in part) of, or a fail-

ure to act on a timely basis upon, the claim for benefits and includes a failure to provide benefits (including items and services) required to be provided under this title.

(4) TREATING HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONAL.—
The term "treating health care professional" means, with respect to services to be provided to a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee, a health care professional who is primarily responsible for delivering those services to the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee.

12 SEC. 103. INTERNAL APPEALS OF CLAIMS DENIALS.

(a) RIGHT TO INTERNAL APPEAL.—

(1) In General.—A participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) may appeal any denial of a claim for benefits under section 102 under the procedures described in this section.

(2) Time for appeal.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—A group health plan, or health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, shall ensure that a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) has a period of not less than 180 days beginning on the date of a denial of a claim for

- benefits under section 102 in which to appeal such denial under this section.
 - (B) Date of Denial.—For purposes of subparagraph (A), the date of the denial shall be deemed to be the date as of which the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee knew of the denial of the claim for benefits.
 - (3) Failure to act.—The failure of a plan or issuer to issue a determination on a claim for benefits under section 102 within the applicable timeline established for such a determination under such section is a denial of a claim for benefits for purposes this subtitle as of the date of the applicable deadline.
 - (4) Plan waiver of internal review.—A group health plan, or health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, may waive the internal review process under this section. In such case the plan or issuer shall provide notice to the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) involved, the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) involved shall be relieved of any obligation to complete the internal review involved, and may, at the option of such participant, beneficiary, enrollee, or representative pro-

1 ceed directly to seek further appeal through external 2 review under section 104 or otherwise.

(b) Timelines for Making Determinations.—

(1) Oral requests.—In the case of an appeal of a denial of a claim for benefits under this section that involves an expedited or concurrent determination, a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) may request such appeal orally. A group health plan, or health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, may require that the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) provide written confirmation of such request in a timely manner on a form provided by the plan or issuer. In the case of such an oral request for an appeal of a denial, the making of the request (and the timing of such request) shall be treated as the making at that time of a request for an appeal without regard to whether and when a written confirmation of such request is made.

(2) Access to information.—

(A) TIMELY PROVISION OF NECESSARY IN-FORMATION.—With respect to an appeal of a denial of a claim for benefits, the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized represent-

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ative) and the treating health care professional (if any) shall provide the plan or issuer with access to information requested by the plan or issuer that is necessary to make a determination relating to the appeal. Such access shall be provided not later than 5 days after the date on which the request for information is received, or, in a case described in subparagraph (B) or (C) of paragraph (3), by such earlier time as may be necessary to comply with the applicable timeline under such subparagraph.

(B) LIMITED EFFECT OF FAILURE ON PLAN OR ISSUER'S OBLIGATIONS.—Failure of the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee to comply with the requirements of subparagraph (A) shall not remove the obligation of the plan or issuer to make a decision in accordance with the medical exigencies of the case and as soon as possible, based on the available information, and failure to comply with the time limit established by this paragraph shall not remove the obligation of the plan or issuer to comply with the requirements of this section.

(3) Prior authorization determinations.—

(A) In General.—A group health plan, or health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, shall make a determination on an appeal of a denial of a claim for benefits under this subsection in accordance with the medical exigencies of the case and as soon as possible, but in no case later than 14 days from the date on which the plan or issuer receives information that is reasonably necessary to enable the plan or issuer to make a determination on the appeal and in no case later than 28 days after the date the request for the appeal is received.

(B) Expedited Determination.—Not-withstanding subparagraph (A), a group health plan, or health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, shall expedite a prior authorization determination on an appeal of a denial of a claim for benefits described in subparagraph (A), when a request for such an expedited determination is made by a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) at any time during the process for making a determination and a health care professional certifies, with the request, that a deter-

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mination under the procedures described in subparagraph (A) would seriously jeopardize the life or health of the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee or the ability of the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee to maintain or regain maximum function. Such determination shall be made in accordance with the medical exigencies of the case and as soon as possible, but in no case later than 72 hours after the time the request for such appeal is received by the plan or issuer under this subparagraph.

(C) Ongoing care determinations.—

(i) In General.—Subject to clause (ii), in the case of a concurrent review determination described in section 102(b)(1)(C)(i)(I), which results in a termination or reduction of such care, the plan or issuer must provide notice of the determination on the appeal under this section by telephone and in printed form to the individual or the individual's designee and the individual's health care provider in accordance with the medical exigencies of the case and as soon as possible, with sufficient time prior to the termination or reduction to allow for an external appeal under section 104 to be completed before the termination or reduction takes effect.

- (ii) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Clause
 (i) shall not be construed as requiring
 plans or issuers to provide coverage of care
 that would exceed the coverage limitations
 for such care.
- (4) Retrospective determination.—A group health plan, or health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, shall make a retrospective determination on an appeal of a claim for benefits in no case later than 30 days after the date on which the plan or issuer receives necessary information that is reasonably necessary to enable the plan or issuer to make a determination on the appeal and in no case later than 60 days after the date the request for the appeal is received.

(c) CONDUCT OF REVIEW.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—A review of a denial of a claim for benefits under this section shall be conducted by an individual with appropriate expertise who was not involved in the initial determination.
- (2) Review of medical decisions by physicians.—A review of an appeal of a denial of a claim

for benefits that is based on a lack of medical necessity and appropriateness, or based on an experimental or investigational treatment, or requires an evaluation of medical facts, shall be made by a physician (allopathic or osteopathic) with appropriate expertise (including, in the case of a child, appropriate pediatric expertise) who was not involved in the initial determination.

(d) Notice of Determination.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—Written notice of a determination made under an internal appeal of a denial of a claim for benefits shall be issued to the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) and the treating health care professional in accordance with the medical exigencies of the case and as soon as possible, but in no case later than 2 days after the date of completion of the review (or, in the case described in subparagraph (B) or (C) of subsection (b)(3), within the 72-hour or applicable period referred to in such subparagraph).
- (2) Final determination.—The decision by a plan or issuer under this section shall be treated as the final determination of the plan or issuer on a denial of a claim for benefits. The failure of a plan or issuer to issue a determination on an appeal of a de-

- 1 nial of a claim for benefits under this section within 2 the applicable timeline established for such a deter-3 mination shall be treated as a final determination on an appeal of a denial of a claim for benefits for pur-5 poses of proceeding to external review under section 6 104.
 - (3) REQUIREMENTS OF NOTICE.—With respect to a determination made under this section, the notice described in paragraph (1) shall be provided in printed form and written in a manner calculated to be understood by the average participant, beneficiary, or enrollee and shall include—
 - (A) the specific reasons for the determination (including a summary of the clinical or scientific evidence used in making the determination);
 - (B) the procedures for obtaining additional information concerning the determination; and
- 19 (C) notification of the right to an inde-20 pendent external review under section 104 and instructions on how to initiate such a review.
- 22 SEC. 104. INDEPENDENT EXTERNAL APPEALS PROCE-23 DURES.
- 24 (a) RIGHT TO EXTERNAL APPEAL.—A group health plan, and a health insurance issuer offering health insur-

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- 1 ance coverage, shall provide in accordance with this sec-
- 2 tion participants, beneficiaries, and enrollees (or author-
- 3 ized representatives) with access to an independent exter-
- 4 nal review for any denial of a claim for benefits.
- 5 (b) Initiation of the Independent External
- 6 Review Process.—
- (1) Time to file.—A request for an inde-7 8 pendent external review under this section shall be 9 filed with the plan or issuer not later than 180 days 10 after the date on which the participant, beneficiary, 11 or enrollee receives notice of the denial under section 12 103(d) or notice of waiver of internal review under 13 section 103(a)(4) or the date on which the plan or 14 issuer has failed to make a timely decision under 15 section 103(d)(2) and notifies the participant or 16 beneficiary that it has failed to make a timely deci-17 sion and that the beneficiary must file an appeal 18 with an external review entity within 180 days if the 19 participant or beneficiary desires to file such an ap-20 peal.

(2) FILING OF REQUEST.—

(A) In general.—Subject to the succeeding provisions of this subsection, a group health plan, and a health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, may—

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1	(i) except as provided in subparagraph
2	(B)(i), require that a request for review be
3	in writing;
4	(ii) limit the filing of such a request
5	to the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee
6	involved (or an authorized representative);
7	(iii) except if waived by the plan or
8	issuer under section 103(a)(4), condition
9	access to an independent external review
10	under this section upon a final determina-
11	tion of a denial of a claim for benefits
12	under the internal review procedure under
13	section 103;
14	(iv) except as provided in subpara-
15	graph (B)(ii), require payment of a filing
16	fee to the plan or issuer of a sum that does
17	not exceed \$25; and
18	(v) require that a request for review
19	include the consent of the participant, ben-
20	eficiary, or enrollee (or authorized rep-
21	resentative) for the release of necessary
22	medical information or records of the par-
23	ticipant, beneficiary, or enrollee to the
24	qualified external review entity only for

1	purposes of conducting external review ac	<u>;</u> -
2	tivities.	

(B) REQUIREMENTS AND EXCEPTION RE-LATING TO GENERAL RULE.—

(i) Oral requests permitted in EXPEDITED OR CONCURRENT CASES.—In the case of an expedited or concurrent external review as provided for under subsection (e), the request may be made orally. A group health plan, or health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, may require that the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) provide written confirmation of such request in a timely manner on a form provided by the plan or issuer. Such written confirmation shall be treated as a consent for purposes of subparagraph (A)(v). In the case of such an oral request for such a review, the making of the request (and the timing of such request) shall be treated as the making at that time of a request for such an external review without regard to whether and when a

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1	written confirmation of such request is
2	made.
3	(ii) Exception to filing fee re-
4	QUIREMENT.—
5	(I) Indigency.—Payment of a
6	filing fee shall not be required under
7	subparagraph (A)(iv) where there is a
8	certification (in a form and manner
9	specified in guidelines established by
10	the appropriate Secretary) that the
11	participant, beneficiary, or enrollee is
12	indigent (as defined in such guide-
13	lines).
14	(II) FEE NOT REQUIRED.—Pay-
15	ment of a filing fee shall not be re-
16	quired under subparagraph (A)(iv) if
17	the plan or issuer waives the internal
18	appeals process under section
19	103(a)(4).
20	(III) REFUNDING OF FEE.—The
21	filing fee paid under subparagraph
22	(A)(iv) shall be refunded if the deter-
23	mination under the independent exter-
24	nal review is to reverse or modify the

denial which is the subject of the review.

- (IV) COLLECTION OF FILING

 FEE.—The failure to pay such a filing

 fee shall not prevent the consideration

 of a request for review but, subject to

 the preceding provisions of this clause,

 shall constitute a legal liability to pay.
- 9 (c) Referral to Qualified External Review 10 Entity Upon Request.—
 - (1) In General.—Upon the filing of a request for independent external review with the group health plan, or health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, the plan or issuer shall immediately refer such request, and forward the plan or issuer's initial decision (including the information described in section 103(d)(3)(A)), to a qualified external review entity selected in accordance with this section.
 - (2) Access to Plan or Issuer and Health Professional information.—With respect to an independent external review conducted under this section, the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative), the plan or issuer, and the treating health care professional (if any) shall

1	provide the external review entity with information
2	that is necessary to conduct a review under this sec-
3	tion, as determined and requested by the entity.
4	Such information shall be provided not later than 5
5	days after the date on which the request for infor-
6	mation is received, or, in a case described in clause
7	(ii) or (iii) of subsection (e)(1)(A), by such earlier
8	time as may be necessary to comply with the appli-
9	cable timeline under such clause.
10	(3) Screening of requests by qualified
11	EXTERNAL REVIEW ENTITIES.—
12	(A) In general.—With respect to a re-
13	quest referred to a qualified external review en-
14	tity under paragraph (1) relating to a denial of
15	a claim for benefits, the entity shall refer such
16	request for the conduct of an independent med-
17	ical review unless the entity determines that—
18	(i) any of the conditions described in
19	clauses (ii) or (iii) of subsection (b)(2)(A)
20	have not been met;
21	(ii) the denial of the claim for benefits
22	does not involve a medically reviewable de-
23	cision under subsection $(d)(2)$;
24	(iii) the denial of the claim for bene-
25	fits relates to a decision regarding whether

1	an individual is a participant, beneficiary,
2	or enrollee who is enrolled under the terms
3	and conditions of the plan or coverage (in-
4	cluding the applicability of any waiting pe-
5	riod under the plan or coverage); or
6	(iv) the denial of the claim for bene-
7	fits is a decision as to the application of
8	cost-sharing requirements or the applica-
9	tion of a specific exclusion or express limi-
10	tation on the amount, duration, or scope of
11	coverage of items or services under the
12	terms and conditions of the plan or cov-
13	erage unless the decision is a denial de-
14	scribed in subsection $(d)(2)$.
15	Upon making a determination that any of
16	clauses (i) through (iv) applies with respect to
17	the request, the entity shall determine that the
18	denial of a claim for benefits involved is not eli-
19	gible for independent medical review under sub-
20	section (d), and shall provide notice in accord-
21	ance with subparagraph (C).
22	(B) Process for making determina-
23	TIONS.—
24	(i) No deference to prior deter-
25	MINATIONS.—In making determinations

1	under subparagraph (A), there shall be no
2	deference given to determinations made by
3	the plan or issuer or the recommendation
4	of a treating health care professional (if
5	any).
6	(ii) Use of appropriate per-
7	SONNEL.—A qualified external review enti-
8	ty shall use appropriately qualified per-
9	sonnel to make determinations under this
10	section.
11	(C) NOTICES AND GENERAL TIMELINES
12	FOR DETERMINATION.—
13	(i) NOTICE IN CASE OF DENIAL OF
14	REFERRAL.—If the entity under this para-
15	graph does not make a referral to an inde-
16	pendent medical reviewer, the entity shall
17	provide notice to the plan or issuer, the
18	participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or au-
19	thorized representative) filing the request
20	and the treating health care professional
21	(if any) that the denial is not subject to
22	independent medical review. Such notice—
23	(I) shall be written (and, in addi-
24	tion, may be provided orally) in a

1	manner calculated to be understood
2	by an average participant or enrollee;
3	(II) shall include the reasons for
4	the determination;
5	(III) include any relevant terms
6	and conditions of the plan or cov-
7	erage; and
8	(IV) include a description of any
9	further recourse available to the indi-
10	vidual.
11	(ii) General timeline for deter-
12	MINATIONS.—Upon receipt of information
13	under paragraph (2), the qualified external
14	review entity, and if required the inde-
15	pendent medical reviewer, shall make a de-
16	termination within the overall timeline that
17	is applicable to the case under review as
18	described in subsection (e), except that if
19	the entity determines that a referral to an
20	independent medical reviewer is not re-
21	quired, the entity shall provide notice of
22	such determination to the participant, ben-
23	eficiary, or enrollee (or authorized rep-
24	resentative) within such timeline and with-

1 in 2 days of the date of such determina-2 tion. (d) Independent Medical Review.— 3 4 (1) IN GENERAL.—If a qualified external review 5 entity determines under subsection (c) that a denial 6 of a claim for benefits is eligible for independent 7 medical review, the entity shall refer the denial in-8 volved to an independent medical reviewer for the 9 conduct of an independent medical review under this 10 subsection. 11 (2) Medically reviewable decisions.—A 12 denial of a claim for benefits is eligible for inde-13 pendent medical review if the benefit for the item or 14 service for which the claim is made would be a cov-15 ered benefit under the terms and conditions of the 16 plan or coverage but for one (or more) of the fol-17 lowing determinations: 18 (A) Denials based on medical neces-19 SITY AND APPROPRIATENESS.—A determination 20 that the item or service is not covered because 21 it is not medically necessary and appropriate or 22 based on the application of substantially equiva-23 lent terms. 24 (B) Denials based on experimental

OR INVESTIGATIONAL TREATMENT.—A deter-

mination that the item or service is not covered because it is experimental or investigational or based on the application of substantially equivalent terms.

- (C) Denials otherwise based on an evaluation of the medical facts by a health care professional in the specific case involved to determine the coverage and extent of coverage of the item or service or condition.
- (3) Independent medical review determination.—
 - (A) IN GENERAL.—An independent medical reviewer under this section shall make a new independent determination with respect to whether or not the denial of a claim for a benefit that is the subject of the review should be upheld, reversed, or modified.
 - (B) STANDARD FOR DETERMINATION.—
 The independent medical reviewer's determination relating to the medical necessity and appropriateness, or the experimental or investigation nature, or the evaluation of the medical

facts of the item, service, or condition shall be based on the medical condition of the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (including the medical records of the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee) and valid, relevant scientific evidence and clinical evidence, including peer-reviewed medical literature or findings and including expert opinion.

(C) No coverage for excluded benefits.—Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to permit an independent medical reviewer to require that a group health plan, or health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, provide coverage for items or services for which benefits are specifically excluded or expressly limited under the plan or coverage in the plain language of the plan document (and which are disclosed under section 121(b)(1)(C)) except to the extent that the application or interpretation of the exclusion or limitation involves a determination described in paragraph (2).

(D) EVIDENCE AND INFORMATION TO BE USED IN MEDICAL REVIEWS.—In making a determination under this subsection, the inde-

1	pendent medical reviewer shall also consider ap-
2	propriate and available evidence and informa-
3	tion, including the following:
4	(i) The determination made by the
5	plan or issuer with respect to the claim
6	upon internal review and the evidence
7	guidelines, or rationale used by the plan or
8	issuer in reaching such determination.
9	(ii) The recommendation of the treat-
10	ing health care professional and the evi-
11	dence, guidelines, and rationale used by
12	the treating health care professional in
13	reaching such recommendation.
14	(iii) Additional relevant evidence or
15	information obtained by the reviewer or
16	submitted by the plan, issuer, participant,
17	beneficiary, or enrollee (or an authorized
18	representative), or treating health care
19	professional.
20	(iv) The plan or coverage document.
21	(E) Independent determination.—In
22	making determinations under this subtitle, a
23	qualified external review entity and an inde-

pendent medical reviewer shall—

1	(i) consider the claim under review
2	without deference to the determinations
3	made by the plan or issuer or the rec-
4	ommendation of the treating health care
5	professional (if any); and
6	(ii) consider, but not be bound by the
7	definition used by the plan or issuer of
8	"medically necessary and appropriate", or
9	"experimental or investigational", or other
10	substantially equivalent terms that are
11	used by the plan or issuer to describe med-
12	ical necessity and appropriateness or ex-
13	perimental or investigational nature of the
14	treatment.
15	(F) DETERMINATION OF INDEPENDENT
16	MEDICAL REVIEWER.—An independent medical
17	reviewer shall, in accordance with the deadlines
18	described in subsection (e), prepare a written
19	determination to uphold, reverse, or modify the
20	denial under review. Such written determination
21	shall include—
22	(i) the determination of the reviewer;
23	(ii) the specific reasons of the re-
24	viewer for such determination, including a
25	summary of the clinical or scientific evi-

1	dence used in making the determination;
2	and
3	(iii) with respect to a determination to
4	reverse or modify the denial under review,
5	a timeframe within which the plan or
6	issuer must comply with such determina-
7	tion.
8	(G) Nonbinding nature of additional
9	RECOMMENDATIONS.—In addition to the deter-
10	mination under subparagraph (F), the reviewer
11	may provide the plan or issuer and the treating
12	health care professional with additional rec-
13	ommendations in connection with such a deter-
14	mination, but any such recommendations shall
15	not affect (or be treated as part of) the deter-
16	mination and shall not be binding on the plan
17	or issuer.
18	(e) Timelines and Notifications.—
19	(1) Timelines for independent medical
20	REVIEW.—
21	(A) Prior authorization determina-
22	TION.—
23	(i) In General.—The independent
24	medical reviewer (or reviewers) shall make
25	a determination on a denial of a claim for

benefits that is referred to the reviewer under subsection (c)(3) in accordance with the medical exigencies of the case and as soon as possible, but in no case later than 14 days after the date of receipt of information under subsection (c)(2) if the review involves a prior authorization of items or services and in no case later than 21 days after the date the request for external review is received.

Notwithstanding clause (i) and subject to clause (iii), the independent medical reviewer (or reviewers) shall make an expedited determination on a denial of a claim for benefits described in clause (i), when a request for such an expedited determination is made by a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) at any time during the process for making a determination, and a health care professional certifies, with the request, that a determination under the timeline described in clause (i) would seriously jeopardize the life or health of the participant, bene-

ficiary, or enrollee or the ability of the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee to maintain or regain maximum function. Such determination shall be made as soon in accordance with the medical exigencies of the case and as soon as possible, but in no case later than 72 hours after the time the request for external review is received by the qualified external review entity.

- (iii) Ongoing care determination.—Notwithstanding clause (i), in the case of a review described in such subclause that involves a termination or reduction of care, the notice of the determination shall be completed not later than 24 hours after the time the request for external review is received by the qualified external review entity and before the end of the approved period of care.
- (B) Retrospective determination.—
 The independent medical reviewer (or reviewers) shall complete a review in the case of a retrospective determination on an appeal of a denial of a claim for benefits that is referred to the reviewer under subsection (c)(3) in no case

- later than 30 days after the date of receipt of information under subsection (c)(2) and in no case later than 60 days after the date the request for external review is received by the qualified external review entity.
 - (2) Notification of determination.—The external review entity shall ensure that the plan or issuer, the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) and the treating health care professional (if any) receives a copy of the written determination of the independent medical reviewer prepared under subsection (d)(3)(F). Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed as preventing an entity or reviewer from providing an initial oral notice of the reviewer's determination.
 - (3) FORM OF NOTICES.—Determinations and notices under this subsection shall be written in a manner calculated to be understood by an average participant.

(f) Compliance.—

- (1) Application of Determinations.—
- (A) EXTERNAL REVIEW DETERMINATIONS

 BINDING ON PLAN.—The determinations of an external review entity and an independent med-

ical reviewer under this section shall be binding
 upon the plan or issuer involved.

(B) COMPLIANCE WITH DETERMINATION.—If the determination of an independent medical reviewer is to reverse or modify the denial, the plan or issuer, upon the receipt of such determination, shall authorize coverage to comply with the medical reviewer's determination in accordance with the timeframe established by the medical reviewer.

(2) Failure to comply.—

(A) In General.—If a plan or issuer fails to comply with the timeframe established under paragraph (1)(B) with respect to a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee, where such failure to comply is caused by the plan or issuer, the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee may obtain the items or services involved (in a manner consistent with the determination of the independent external reviewer) from any provider regardless of whether such provider is a participating provider under the plan or coverage.

(B) Reimbursement.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—Where a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee obtains items

or services in accordance with subpara-graph (A), the plan or issuer involved shall provide for reimbursement of the costs of such items or services. Such reimbursement shall be made to the treating health care professional or to the participant, ben-eficiary, or enrollee (in the case of a partic-ipant, beneficiary, or enrollee who pays for the costs of such items or services).

- (ii) AMOUNT.—The plan or issuer shall fully reimburse a professional, participant, beneficiary, or enrollee under clause (i) for the total costs of the items or services provided (regardless of any plan limitations that may apply to the coverage of such items or services) so long as the items or services were provided in a manner consistent with the determination of the independent medical reviewer.
- (C) Failure to reimburse.—Where a plan or issuer fails to provide reimbursement to a professional, participant, beneficiary, or enrollee in accordance with this paragraph, the professional, participant, beneficiary, or enrollee may commence a civil action (or utilize other

remedies available under law) to recover only
the amount of any such reimbursement that is
owed by the plan or issuer and any necessary
legal costs or expenses (including attorney's
fees) incurred in recovering such reimbursement.

- (D) AVAILABLE REMEDIES.—The remedies provided under this paragraph are in addition to any other available remedies.
- (3) Penalties against authorized officials for refusing to authorize the determination of an external review entity.—

(A) Monetary penalties.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—In any case in which the determination of an external review entity is not followed by a group health plan, or by a health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, any person who, acting in the capacity of authorizing the benefit, causes such refusal may, in the discretion in a court of competent jurisdiction, be liable to an aggrieved participant, beneficiary, or enrollee for a civil penalty in an amount of up to \$1,000 a day from the date on which the

determination was transmitted to the plan or issuer by the external review entity until the date the refusal to provide the benefit is corrected.

- (ii) Additional penalty for failing to follow timeline.—In any case
 in which treatment was not commenced by
 the plan in accordance with the determination of an independent external reviewer,
 the Secretary shall assess a civil penalty of
 \$10,000 against the plan and the plan
 shall pay such penalty to the participant,
 beneficiary, or enrollee involved.
- (B) CEASE AND DESIST ORDER AND ORDER OF ATTORNEY'S FEES.—In any action described in subparagraph (A) brought by a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee with respect to a group health plan, or a health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, in which a plaintiff alleges that a person referred to in such subparagraph has taken an action resulting in a refusal of a benefit determined by an external appeal entity to be covered, or has failed to take an action for which such person is responsible under the terms and conditions of

1	the plan or coverage and which is necessary
2	under the plan or coverage for authorizing a
3	benefit, the court shall cause to be served on
4	the defendant an order requiring the
5	defendant—
6	(i) to cease and desist from the al-
7	leged action or failure to act; and
8	(ii) to pay to the plaintiff a reasonable
9	attorney's fee and other reasonable costs
10	relating to the prosecution of the action on
11	the charges on which the plaintiff prevails.
12	(C) Additional civil penalties.—
13	(i) In general.—In addition to any
14	penalty imposed under subparagraph (A)
15	or (B), the appropriate Secretary may as-
16	sess a civil penalty against a person acting
17	in the capacity of authorizing a benefit de-
18	termined by an external review entity for
19	one or more group health plans, or health
20	insurance issuers offering health insurance
21	coverage, for—
22	(I) any pattern or practice of re-
23	peated refusal to authorize a benefit
24	determined by an external appeal enti-
25	ty to be covered; or

1	(II) any pattern or practice of re-
2	peated violations of the requirements
3	of this section with respect to such
4	plan or coverage.
5	(ii) Standard of Proof and
6	AMOUNT OF PENALTY.—Such penalty shall
7	be payable only upon proof by clear and
8	convincing evidence of such pattern or
9	practice and shall be in an amount not to
10	exceed the lesser of—
11	(I) 25 percent of the aggregate
12	value of benefits shown by the appro-
13	priate Secretary to have not been pro-
14	vided, or unlawfully delayed, in viola-
15	tion of this section under such pattern
16	or practice; or
17	(II) \$500,000.
18	(D) REMOVAL AND DISQUALIFICATION.—
19	Any person acting in the capacity of author-
20	izing benefits who has engaged in any such pat-
21	tern or practice described in subparagraph
22	(C)(i) with respect to a plan or coverage, upon
23	the petition of the appropriate Secretary, may
24	be removed by the court from such position,
25	and from any other involvement, with respect to

1	such a plan or coverage, and may be precluded
2	from returning to any such position or involve-
3	ment for a period determined by the court.
4	(4) Protection of legal rights.—Nothing
5	in this subsection or subtitle shall be construed as
6	altering or eliminating any cause of action or legal
7	rights or remedies of participants, beneficiaries, en-
8	rollees, and others under State or Federal law (in-
9	cluding sections 502 and 503 of the Employee Re-
10	tirement Income Security Act of 1974), including
11	the right to file judicial actions to enforce rights.
12	(g) Qualifications of Independent Medical
13	Reviewers.—
14	(1) In general.—In referring a denial to 1 or
15	more individuals to conduct independent medical re-
16	view under subsection (c), the qualified external re-
17	view entity shall ensure that—
18	(A) each independent medical reviewer
19	meets the qualifications described in paragraphs
20	(2) and (3) ;
21	(B) with respect to each review at least 1
22	such reviewer meets the requirements described
23	in paragraphs (4) and (5); and
24	(C) compensation provided by the entity to
25	the reviewer is consistent with paragraph (6).

1	(2) Licensure and expertise.—Each inde-
2	pendent medical reviewer shall be a physician
3	(allopathic or osteopathic) or health care profes-
4	sional who—
5	(A) is appropriately credentialed or li-
6	censed in 1 or more States to deliver health
7	care services; and
8	(B) typically treats the condition, makes
9	the diagnosis, or provides the type of treatment
10	under review.
11	(3) Independence.—
12	(A) In general.—Subject to subpara-
13	graph (B), each independent medical reviewer
14	in a case shall—
15	(i) not be a related party (as defined
16	in paragraph (7));
17	(ii) not have a material familial, fi-
18	nancial, or professional relationship with
19	such a party; and
20	(iii) not otherwise have a conflict of
21	interest with such a party (as determined
22	under regulations).
23	(B) Exception.—Nothing in subpara-
24	graph (A) shall be construed to—

1	(i) prohibit an individual, solely on the
2	basis of affiliation with the plan or issuer,
3	from serving as an independent medical re-
4	viewer if—
5	(I) a non-affiliated individual is
6	not reasonably available;
7	(II) the affiliated individual is
8	not involved in the provision of items
9	or services in the case under review;
10	(III) the fact of such an affili-
11	ation is disclosed to the plan or issuer
12	and the participant, beneficiary, or
13	enrollee (or authorized representative)
14	and neither party objects; and
15	(IV) the affiliated individual is
16	not an employee of the plan or issuer
17	and does not provide services exclu-
18	sively or primarily to or on behalf of
19	the plan or issuer;
20	(ii) prohibit an individual who has
21	staff privileges at the institution where the
22	treatment involved takes place from serv-
23	ing as an independent medical reviewer
24	merely on the basis of such affiliation if
25	the affiliation is disclosed to the plan or

1	issuer and the participant, beneficiary, or
2	enrollee (or authorized representative), and
3	neither party objects; or
4	(iii) prohibit receipt of compensation
5	by an independent medical reviewer from
6	an entity if the compensation is provided
7	consistent with paragraph (6).
8	(4) Practicing health care professional
9	IN SAME FIELD.—
10	(A) In General.—In a case involving
11	treatment, or the provision of items or
12	services—
13	(i) by a physician, a reviewer shall be
14	a practicing physician (allopathic or osteo-
15	pathic) of the same or similar specialty, as
16	a physician who typically treats the condi-
17	tion, makes the diagnosis, or provides the
18	type of treatment under review; or
19	(ii) by a health care professional
20	(other than a physician), a reviewer shall
21	be a practicing physician (allopathic or os-
22	teopathic) or, if determined appropriate by
23	the qualified external review entity, a prac-
24	ticing health care professional (other than
25	such a physician), of the same or similar

1	specialty as the health care professional
2	who typically treats the condition, makes
3	the diagnosis, or provides the type of treat-
4	ment under review.
5	(B) Practicing defined.—For purposes
6	of this paragraph, the term "practicing" means,
7	with respect to an individual who is a physician
8	or other health care professional that the indi-
9	vidual provides health care services to individual
10	patients on average at least 2 days per week.
11	(5) Pediatric expertise.—In the case of an
12	external review relating to a child, a reviewer shall
13	have expertise under paragraph (2) in pediatrics.
14	(6) Limitations on reviewer compensa-
15	TION.—Compensation provided by a qualified exter-
16	nal review entity to an independent medical reviewer
17	in connection with a review under this section
18	shall—
19	(A) not exceed a reasonable level; and
20	(B) not be contingent on the decision ren-
21	dered by the reviewer.
22	(7) Related party defined.—For purposes
23	of this section, the term "related party" means, with
24	respect to a denial of a claim under a plan or cov-

1	erage relating to a participant, beneficiary, or en-
2	rollee, any of the following:
3	(A) The plan, plan sponsor, or issuer in-
4	volved, or any fiduciary, officer, director, or em-
5	ployee of such plan, plan sponsor, or issuer.
6	(B) The participant, beneficiary, or en-
7	rollee (or authorized representative).
8	(C) The health care professional that pro-
9	vides the items or services involved in the de-
10	nial.
11	(D) The institution at which the items or
12	services (or treatment) involved in the denial
13	are provided.
14	(E) The manufacturer of any drug or
15	other item that is included in the items or serv-
16	ices involved in the denial.
17	(F) Any other party determined under any
18	regulations to have a substantial interest in the
19	denial involved.
20	(h) QUALIFIED EXTERNAL REVIEW ENTITIES.—
21	(1) Selection of qualified external re-
22	VIEW ENTITIES.—
23	(A) Limitation on Plan or issuer se-
24	LECTION.—The appropriate Secretary shall im-
25	plement procedures—

1	(i) to assure that the selection process
2	among qualified external review entities
3	will not create any incentives for external
4	review entities to make a decision in a bi-
5	ased manner; and
6	(ii) for auditing a sample of decisions
7	by such entities to assure that no such de-
8	cisions are made in a biased manner.
9	No such selection process under the procedures
10	implemented by the appropriate Secretary may
11	give either the patient or the plan or issuer any
12	ability to determine or influence the selection of
13	a qualified external review entity to review the
14	case of any participant, beneficiary, or enrollee.
15	(B) STATE AUTHORITY WITH RESPECT TO
16	QUALIFIED EXTERNAL REVIEW ENTITIES FOR
17	HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS.—With respect to
18	health insurance issuers offering health insur-
19	ance coverage in a State, the State may provide
20	for external review activities to be conducted by
21	a qualified external appeal entity that is des-
22	ignated by the State or that is selected by the
23	State in a manner determined by the State to

assure an unbiased determination.

1	(2) Contract with qualified external re-
2	VIEW ENTITY.—Except as provided in paragraph
3	(1)(B), the external review process of a plan or
4	issuer under this section shall be conducted under a
5	contract between the plan or issuer and 1 or more
6	qualified external review entities (as defined in para-
7	$\operatorname{graph}(4)(A)$).
8	(3) Terms and conditions of contract.—
9	The terms and conditions of a contract under para-
10	graph (2) shall—
11	(A) be consistent with the standards the
12	appropriate Secretary shall establish to assure
13	there is no real or apparent conflict of interest
14	in the conduct of external review activities; and
15	(B) provide that the costs of the external
16	review process shall be borne by the plan or
17	issuer.
18	Subparagraph (B) shall not be construed as apply-
19	ing to the imposition of a filing fee under subsection
20	(b)(2)(A)(iv) or costs incurred by the participant,
21	beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative)
22	or treating health care professional (if any) in sup-
23	port of the review, including the provision of addi-

(4) Qualifications.—

tional evidence or information.

24

1	(A) IN GENERAL.—In this section, the
2	term "qualified external review entity" means,
3	in relation to a plan or issuer, an entity that is
4	initially certified (and periodically recertified)
5	under subparagraph (C) as meeting the fol-
6	lowing requirements:
7	(i) The entity has (directly or through
8	contracts or other arrangements) sufficient
9	medical, legal, and other expertise and suf-
10	ficient staffing to carry out duties of a
11	qualified external review entity under this
12	section on a timely basis, including making
13	determinations under subsection (b)(2)(A)
14	and providing for independent medical re-
15	views under subsection (d).
16	(ii) The entity is not a plan or issuer
17	or an affiliate or a subsidiary of a plan or
18	issuer, and is not an affiliate or subsidiary
19	of a professional or trade association of
20	plans or issuers or of health care providers.
21	(iii) The entity has provided assur-
22	ances that it will conduct external review
23	activities consistent with the applicable re-

quirements of this section and standards

specified in subparagraph (C), including

24

1	that it will not conduct any external review
2	activities in a case unless the independence
3	requirements of subparagraph (B) are met
4	with respect to the case.
5	(iv) The entity has provided assur-
6	ances that it will provide information in a
7	timely manner under subparagraph (D).
8	(v) The entity meets such other re-
9	quirements as the appropriate Secretary
10	provides by regulation.
11	(B) Independence requirements.—
12	(i) In general.—Subject to clause
13	(ii), an entity meets the independence re-
14	quirements of this subparagraph with re-
15	spect to any case if the entity—
16	(I) is not a related party (as de-
17	fined in subsection $(g)(7)$;
18	(II) does not have a material fa-
19	milial, financial, or professional rela-
20	tionship with such a party; and
21	(III) does not otherwise have a
22	conflict of interest with such a party
23	(as determined under regulations).
24	(ii) Exception for reasonable
25	COMPENSATION.—Nothing in clause (i)

1	shall be construed to prohibit receipt by a
2	qualified external review entity of com-
3	pensation from a plan or issuer for the
4	conduct of external review activities under
5	this section if the compensation is provided
6	consistent with clause (iii).
7	(iii) Limitations on entity com-
8	PENSATION.—Compensation provided by a
9	plan or issuer to a qualified external review
10	entity in connection with reviews under
11	this section shall—
12	(I) not exceed a reasonable level;
13	and
14	(II) not be contingent on any de-
15	cision rendered by the entity or by
16	any independent medical reviewer.
17	(C) CERTIFICATION AND RECERTIFICATION
18	PROCESS.—
19	(i) In general.—The initial certifi-
20	cation and recertification of a qualified ex-
21	ternal review entity shall be made—
22	(I) under a process that is recog-
23	nized or approved by the appropriate
24	Secretary; or

1	(II) by a qualified private stand-
2	ard-setting organization that is ap-
3	proved by the appropriate Secretary
4	under clause (iii).
5	In taking action under subclause (I), the
6	appropriate Secretary shall give deference
7	to entities that are under contract with the
8	Federal Government or with an applicable
9	State authority to perform functions of the
10	type performed by qualified external review
11	entities.
12	(ii) Process.—The appropriate Sec-
13	retary shall not recognize or approve a
14	process under clause (i)(I) unless the proc-
15	ess applies standards (as promulgated in
16	regulations) that ensure that a qualified
17	external review entity—
18	(I) will carry out (and has car-
19	ried out, in the case of recertification)
20	the responsibilities of such an entity
21	in accordance with this section, in-
22	cluding meeting applicable deadlines;
23	(II) will meet (and has met, in
24	the case of recertification) appropriate
25	indicators of fiscal integrity;

1	(III) will maintain (and has
2	maintained, in the case of recertifi-
3	cation) appropriate confidentiality
4	with respect to individually identifi-
5	able health information obtained in
6	the course of conducting external re-
7	view activities; and
8	(IV) in the case of recertification,
9	shall review the matters described in
10	clause (iv).
11	(iii) Approval of qualified pri-
12	VATE STANDARD-SETTING ORGANIZA-
13	TIONS.—For purposes of clause (i)(II), the
14	appropriate Secretary may approve a quali-
15	fied private standard-setting organization
16	if such Secretary finds that the organiza-
17	tion only certifies (or recertifies) external
18	review entities that meet at least the
19	standards required for the certification (or
20	recertification) of external review entities
21	under clause (ii).
22	(iv) Considerations in recertifi-
23	CATIONS.—In conducting recertifications of
24	a qualified external review entity under
25	this paragraph, the appropriate Secretary

1	or organization conducting the recertifi-
2	cation shall review compliance of the entity
3	with the requirements for conducting ex-
4	ternal review activities under this section,
5	including the following:
6	(I) Provision of information
7	under subparagraph (D).
8	(II) Adherence to applicable
9	deadlines (both by the entity and by
10	independent medical reviewers it re-
11	fers cases to).
12	(III) Compliance with limitations
13	on compensation (with respect to both
14	the entity and independent medical re-
15	viewers it refers cases to).
16	(IV) Compliance with applicable
17	independence requirements.
18	(v) Period of Certification or re-
19	CERTIFICATION.—A certification or recer-
20	tification provided under this paragraph
21	shall extend for a period not to exceed 2
22	years.
23	(vi) REVOCATION.—A certification or
24	recertification under this paragraph may
25	be revoked by the appropriate Secretary or

by the organization providing such certification upon a showing of cause.

> (vii) SUFFICIENT NUMBER OF ENTI-TIES.—The appropriate Secretary shall certify and recertify a number of external review entities which is sufficient to ensure the timely and efficient provision of review services.

(D) Provision of information.—

(i) In General.—A qualified external review entity shall provide to the appropriate Secretary, in such manner and at such times as such Secretary may require, such information (relating to the denials which have been referred to the entity for the conduct of external review under this section) as such Secretary determines appropriate to assure compliance with the independence and other requirements of this section to monitor and assess the quality of its external review activities and lack of bias in making determinations. Such information shall include information described in clause (ii) but shall not include

1	individually identifiable medical informa-
2	tion.
3	(ii) Information to be in-
4	CLUDED.—The information described in
5	this subclause with respect to an entity is
6	as follows:
7	(I) The number and types of de-
8	nials for which a request for review
9	has been received by the entity.
10	(II) The disposition by the entity
11	of such denials, including the number
12	referred to a independent medical re-
13	viewer and the reasons for such dis-
14	positions (including the application of
15	exclusions), on a plan or issuer-spe-
16	cific basis and on a health care spe-
17	cialty-specific basis.
18	(III) The length of time in mak-
19	ing determinations with respect to
20	such denials.
21	(IV) Updated information on the
22	information required to be submitted
23	as a condition of certification with re-
24	spect to the entity's performance of
25	external review activities.

1	(iii) Information to be provided
2	TO CERTIFYING ORGANIZATION.—
3	(I) IN GENERAL.—In the case of
4	a qualified external review entity
5	which is certified (or recertified)
6	under this subsection by a qualified
7	private standard-setting organization,
8	at the request of the organization, the
9	entity shall provide the organization
10	with the information provided to the
11	appropriate Secretary under clause
12	(i).
13	(II) Additional informa-
14	Tion.—Nothing in this subparagraph
15	shall be construed as preventing such
16	an organization from requiring addi-
17	tional information as a condition of
18	certification or recertification of an
19	entity.
20	(iv) Use of information.—Informa-
21	tion provided under this subparagraph may
22	be used by the appropriate Secretary and
23	qualified private standard-setting organiza-
24	tions to conduct oversight of qualified ex-
25	ternal review entities, including recertifi-

cation of such entities, and shall be made available to the public in an appropriate manner.

(E) Limitation on Liability.—No qualified external review entity having a contract with a plan or issuer, and no person who is employed by any such entity or who furnishes professional services to such entity (including as an independent medical reviewer), shall be held by reason of the performance of any duty, function, or activity required or authorized pursuant to this section, to be civilly liable under any law of the United States or of any State (or political subdivision thereof) if there was no actual malice or gross misconduct in the performance of such duty, function, or activity.

Subtitle B—Access to Care

18 SEC. 111. CONSUMER CHOICE OPTION.

(a) In General.—If—

(1) a health insurance issuer providing health insurance coverage in connection with a group health plan offers to enrollees health insurance coverage which provides for coverage of services only if such services are furnished through health care professionals and providers who are members of a network

of health care professionals and providers who have entered into a contract with the issuer to provide such services, or

> (2) a group health plan offers to participants or beneficiaries health benefits which provide for coverage of services only if such services are furnished through health care professionals and providers who are members of a network of health care professionals and providers who have entered into a contract with the plan to provide such services,

10 then the issuer or plan shall also offer or arrange to be 11 12 offered to such enrollees, participants, or beneficiaries (at the time of enrollment and during an annual open season 14 as provided under subsection (c)) the option of health in-15 surance coverage or health benefits which provide for coverage of such services which are not furnished through 16 health care professionals and providers who are members 18 of such a network unless such enrollees, participants, or beneficiaries are offered such non-network coverage 19 20 through another group health plan or through another 21 health insurance issuer in the group market.

22 (b) ADDITIONAL COSTS.—The amount of any addi-23 tional premium charged by the health insurance issuer or 24 group health plan for the additional cost of the creation 25 and maintenance of the option described in subsection (a)

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- 1 and the amount of any additional cost sharing imposed
- 2 under such option shall be borne by the enrollee, partici-
- 3 pant, or beneficiary unless it is paid by the health plan
- 4 sponsor or group health plan through agreement with the
- 5 health insurance issuer.
- 6 (c) Open Season.—An enrollee, participant, or ben-
- 7 eficiary, may change to the offering provided under this
- 8 section only during a time period determined by the health
- 9 insurance issuer or group health plan. Such time period
- 10 shall occur at least annually.

11 SEC. 112. CHOICE OF HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONAL.

- 12 (a) Primary Care.—If a group health plan, or a
- 13 health insurance issuer that offers health insurance cov-
- 14 erage, requires or provides for designation by a partici-
- 15 pant, beneficiary, or enrollee of a participating primary
- 16 care provider, then the plan or issuer shall permit each
- 17 participant, beneficiary, and enrollee to designate any par-
- 18 ticipating primary care provider who is available to accept
- 19 such individual.
- 20 (b) Specialists.—
- 21 (1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2), a
- group health plan and a health insurance issuer that
- offers health insurance coverage shall permit each
- 24 participant, beneficiary, or enrollee to receive medi-
- 25 cally necessary or appropriate specialty care, pursu-

- 1 ant to appropriate referral procedures, from any 2 qualified participating health care professional who 3 is available to accept such individual for such care. LIMITATION.—Paragraph (1) shall not 5 apply to specialty care if the plan or issuer clearly 6 informs participants, beneficiaries, and enrollees of 7 the limitations on choice of participating health care 8 professionals with respect to such care. 9 (3) Construction.—Nothing in this sub-10 section shall be construed as affecting the applica-11 tion of section 114 (relating to access to specialty 12 care). 13 SEC. 113. ACCESS TO EMERGENCY CARE. 14 (a) Coverage of Emergency Services.— (1) IN GENERAL.—If a group health plan, or 15 16 health insurance coverage offered by a health insur-17 ance issuer, provides or covers any benefits with re-18 spect to services in an emergency department of a 19 hospital, the plan or issuer shall cover emergency 20 services (as defined in paragraph (2)(B))—
- 21 (A) without the need for any prior author-22 ization determination;
 - (B) whether the health care provider furnishing such services is a participating provider with respect to such services;

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1	(C) in a manner so that, if such services
2	are provided to a participant, beneficiary, or
3	enrollee—
4	(i) by a nonparticipating health care
5	provider with or without prior authoriza-
6	tion, or
7	(ii) by a participating health care pro-
8	vider without prior authorization,
9	the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee is not
10	liable for amounts that exceed the amounts of
11	liability that would be incurred if the services
12	were provided by a participating health care
13	provider with prior authorization; and
14	(D) without regard to any other term or
15	condition of such coverage (other than exclusion
16	or coordination of benefits, or an affiliation or
17	waiting period, permitted under section 2701 of
18	the Public Health Service Act, section 701 of
19	the Employee Retirement Income Security Act
20	of 1974, or section 9801 of the Internal Rev-
21	enue Code of 1986, and other than applicable
22	cost-sharing).
23	(2) Definitions.—In this section:
24	(A) Emergency medical condition.—
25	The term "emergency medical condition" means

a medical condition manifesting itself by acute symptoms of sufficient severity (including severe pain) such that a prudent layperson, who possesses an average knowledge of health and medicine, could reasonably expect the absence of immediate medical attention to result in a condition described in clause (i), (ii), or (iii) of section 1867(e)(1)(A) of the Social Security Act.

- (B) Emergency services.—The term "emergency services" means, with respect to an emergency medical condition—
 - (i) a medical screening examination (as required under section 1867 of the Social Security Act) that is within the capability of the emergency department of a hospital, including ancillary services routinely available to the emergency department to evaluate such emergency medical condition, and
 - (ii) within the capabilities of the staff and facilities available at the hospital, such further medical examination and treatment as are required under section 1867 of such Act to stabilize the patient.

1 (C) STABILIZE.—The term "to stabilize",
2 with respect to an emergency medical condition
3 (as defined in subparagraph (A)), has the
4 meaning give in section 1867(e)(3) of the Social
5 Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395dd(e)(3)).

- 6 (b) Reimbursement for Maintenance Care and Post-Stabilization Care.—A group health plan, and 8 health insurance coverage offered by a health insurance issuer, must provide reimbursement for maintenance care 10 and post-stabilization care in accordance with the requirements of section 1852(d)(2) of the Social Security Act (42) 11 12 U.S.C. 1395w-22(d)(2)). Such reimbursement shall be 13 provided in a manner consistent with subsection (a)(1)(C). 14 (c) Coverage of Emergency Ambulance Serv-15 ICES.—
 - (1) IN GENERAL.—If a group health plan, or health insurance coverage provided by a health insurance issuer, provides any benefits with respect to ambulance services and emergency services, the plan or issuer shall cover emergency ambulance services (as defined in paragraph (2)) furnished under the plan or coverage under the same terms and conditions under subparagraphs (A) through (D) of subsection (a)(1) under which coverage is provided for emergency services.

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1 (2) Emergency ambulance services.—For 2 purposes of this subsection, the term "emergency ambulance services" means ambulance services (as 3 defined for purposes of section 1861(s)(7) of the So-5 cial Security Act) furnished to transport an indi-6 vidual who has an emergency medical condition (as 7 defined in subsection (a)(2)(A)) to a hospital for the 8 receipt of emergency services (as defined in sub-9 section (a)(2)(B) in a case in which the emergency 10 services are covered under the plan or coverage pur-11 suant to subsection (a)(1) and a prudent layperson, 12 with an average knowledge of health and medicine, 13 could reasonably expect that the absence of such 14 transport would result in placing the health of the 15 individual in serious jeopardy, serious impairment of 16 bodily function, or serious dysfunction of any bodily 17 organ or part.

18 SEC. 114. TIMELY ACCESS TO SPECIALISTS.

(a) Timely Access.—

(1) In General.—A group health plan or health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage shall ensure that participants, beneficiaries, and enrollees receive timely access to specialists who are appropriate to the condition of, and accessible to, the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee, when

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1	such specialty care is a covered benefit under the
2	plan or coverage.
3	(2) Rule of construction.—Nothing in
4	paragraph (1) shall be construed—
5	(A) to require the coverage under a group
6	health plan or health insurance coverage of ben-
7	efits or services;
8	(B) to prohibit a plan or issuer from in-
9	cluding providers in the network only to the ex-
10	tent necessary to meet the needs of the plan's
11	or issuer's participants, beneficiaries, or enroll-
12	ees; or
13	(C) to override any State licensure or
14	scope-of-practice law.
15	(3) Access to certain providers.—
16	(A) In General.—With respect to spe-
17	cialty care under this section, if a participating
18	specialist is not available and qualified to pro-
19	vide such care to the participant, beneficiary, or
20	enrollee, the plan or issuer shall provide for cov-
21	erage of such care by a nonparticipating spe-
22	cialist.
23	(B) Treatment of nonparticipating
24	PROVIDERS.—If a participant, beneficiary, or
25	enrollee receives care from a nonparticipating

specialist pursuant to subparagraph (A), such 1 2 specialty care shall be provided at no additional 3 cost to the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee 4 beyond what the participant, beneficiary, or en-5 rollee would otherwise pay for such specialty 6 care if provided by a participating specialist. 7 (b) Referrals.— 8 (1) AUTHORIZATION.—A group health plan or 9 health insurance issuer may require an authorization 10 in order to obtain coverage for specialty services 11 under this section. Any such authorization— 12 (A) shall be for an appropriate duration of 13 time or number of referrals; and 14 (B) may not be refused solely because the 15 authorization involves services of a nonpartici-16 specialist (described in subsection pating 17 (a)(3). 18 (2) Referrals for ongoing special condi-19 TIONS.— 20 (A) IN GENERAL.—A group health plan or 21 health insurance issuer shall permit a partici-22 pant, beneficiary, or enrollee who has an ongo-23 ing special condition (as defined in subpara-24 graph (B)) to receive a referral to a specialist

for the treatment of such condition and such

1	specialist may authorize such referrals, proce-
2	dures, tests, and other medical services with re-
3	spect to such condition, or coordinate the care
4	for such condition, subject to the terms of a
5	treatment plan (if any) referred to in subsection
6	(c) with respect to the condition.
7	(B) Ongoing special condition de-
8	FINED.—In this subsection, the term "ongoing
9	special condition" means a condition or disease
10	that—
11	(i) is life-threatening, degenerative,
12	potentially disabling, or congenital; and
13	(ii) requires specialized medical care
14	over a prolonged period of time.
15	(c) Treatment Plans.—
16	(1) In general.—A group health plan or
17	health insurance issuer may require that the spe-
18	cialty care be provided—
19	(A) pursuant to a treatment plan, but only
20	if the treatment plan—
21	(i) is developed by the specialist, in
22	consultation with the case manager or pri-
23	mary care provider, and the participant,
24	beneficiary, or enrollee, and

1	(ii) is approved by the plan or issuer
2	in a timely manner, if the plan or issuer
3	requires such approval; and
4	(B) in accordance with applicable quality
5	assurance and utilization review standards of
6	the plan or issuer.
7	(2) Notification.—Nothing in paragraph (1)
8	shall be construed as prohibiting a plan or issuer
9	from requiring the specialist to provide the plan or
10	issuer with regular updates on the specialty care
11	provided, as well as all other reasonably necessary
12	medical information.
13	(d) Specialist Defined.—For purposes of this sec-
14	tion, the term "specialist" means, with respect to the con-
15	dition of the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee, a health
16	care professional, facility, or center that has adequate ex-
17	pertise through appropriate training and experience (in-
18	cluding, in the case of a child, appropriate pediatric exper-
19	tise) to provide high quality care in treating the condition.
20	SEC. 115. PATIENT ACCESS TO OBSTETRIC AND GYNECO-
21	LOGICAL CARE.
22	(a) General Rights.—
23	(1) Direct access.—A group health plan, or
24	health insurance issuer offering health insurance
25	coverage, described in subsection (b) may not re-

- quire authorization or referral by the plan, issuer, or any person (including a primary care provider described in subsection (b)(2)) in the case of a female participant, beneficiary, or enrollee who seeks coverage for obstetrical or gynecological care provided by a participating health care professional who specializes in obstetrics or gynecology.
- 8 (2)Obstetrical AND GYNECOLOGICAL 9 CARE.—A group health plan or health insurance 10 issuer described in subsection (b) shall treat the pro-11 vision of obstetrical and gynecological care, and the 12 ordering of related obstetrical and gynecological 13 items and services, pursuant to the direct access de-14 scribed under paragraph (1), by a participating 15 health care professional who specializes in obstetrics 16 or gynecology as the authorization of the primary 17 care provider.
- 18 (b) APPLICATION OF SECTION.—A group health plan, 19 or health insurance issuer offering health insurance cov-20 erage, described in this subsection is a group health plan 21 or coverage that—
- 22 (1) provides coverage for obstetric or 23 gynecologic care; and

- 1 (2) requires the designation by a participant, 2 beneficiary, or enrollee of a participating primary
- 3 care provider.
- 4 (c) Construction.—Nothing in subsection (a) shall
- 5 be construed to—
- (1) waive any exclusions of coverage under the terms and conditions of the plan or health insurance coverage with respect to coverage of obstetrical or gynecological care; or
- 10 (2) preclude the group health plan or health in-11 surance issuer involved from requiring that the ob-12 stetrical or gynecological provider notify the primary 13 health care professional or the plan or issuer of 14 treatment decisions.

15 SEC. 116. ACCESS TO PEDIATRIC CARE.

- 16 (a) Pediatric Care.—In the case of a person who
- 17 has a child who is a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee
- 18 under a group health plan, or health insurance coverage
- 19 offered by a health insurance issuer, if the plan or issuer
- 20 requires or provides for the designation of a participating
- 21 primary care provider for the child, the plan or issuer shall
- 22 permit such person to designate a physician (allopathic or
- 23 osteopathic) who specializes in pediatrics as the child's pri-
- 24 mary care provider if such provider participates in the net-
- 25 work of the plan or issuer.

1	(b) Construction.—Nothing in subsection (a) shall
2	be construed to waive any exclusions of coverage under
3	the terms and conditions of the plan or health insurance
4	coverage with respect to coverage of pediatric care.
5	SEC. 117. CONTINUITY OF CARE.
6	(a) Termination of Provider.—
7	(1) In General.—If—
8	(A) a contract between a group health
9	plan, or a health insurance issuer offering
10	health insurance coverage, and a treating health
11	care provider is terminated (as defined in para-
12	graph $(e)(4)$, or
13	(B) benefits or coverage provided by a
14	health care provider are terminated because of
15	a change in the terms of provider participation
16	in such plan or coverage,
17	the plan or issuer shall meet the requirements of
18	paragraph (3) with respect to each continuing care
19	patient.
20	(2) Treatment of termination of con-
21	TRACT WITH HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUER.—If a
22	contract for the provision of health insurance cov-
23	erage between a group health plan and a health in-
24	surance issuer is terminated and, as a result of such
25	termination, coverage of services of a health care

provider is terminated with respect to an individual, the provisions of paragraph (1) (and the succeeding provisions of this section) shall apply under the plan in the same manner as if there had been a contract between the plan and the provider that had been terminated, but only with respect to benefits that are covered under the plan after the contract termination.

- (3) REQUIREMENTS.—The requirements of this paragraph are that the plan or issuer—
 - (A) notify the continuing care patient involved, or arrange to have the patient notified pursuant to subsection (d)(2), on a timely basis of the termination described in paragraph (1) (or paragraph (2), if applicable) and the right to elect continued transitional care from the provider under this section;
 - (B) provide the patient with an opportunity to notify the plan or issuer of the patient's need for transitional care; and
 - (C) subject to subsection (c), permit the patient to elect to continue to be covered with respect to the course of treatment by such provider with the provider's consent during a tran-

1	sitional period (as provided for under subsection
2	(b)).
3	(4) Continuing care patient.—For purposes
4	of this section, the term "continuing care patient"
5	means a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee who—
6	(A) is undergoing a course of treatment
7	for a serious and complex condition from the
8	provider at the time the plan or issuer receives
9	or provides notice of provider, benefit, or cov-
10	erage termination described in paragraph (1)
11	(or paragraph (2), if applicable);
12	(B) is undergoing a course of institutional
13	or inpatient care from the provider at the time
14	of such notice;
15	(C) is scheduled to undergo non-elective
16	surgery from the provider at the time of such
17	notice;
18	(D) is pregnant and undergoing a course
19	of treatment for the pregnancy from the pro-
20	vider at the time of such notice; or
21	(E) is or was determined to be terminally
22	ill (as determined under section 1861(dd)(3)(A)
23	of the Social Security Act) at the time of such
24	notice, but only with respect to a provider that

1 was treating the terminal illness before the date 2 of such notice. (b) Transitional Periods.— 3 4 (1) Serious and complex conditions.—The 5 transitional period under this subsection with re-6 spect to a continuing care patient described in subsection (a)(4)(A) shall extend for up to 90 days (as 7 8 determined by the treating health care professional) 9 from the date of the notice described in subsection 10 (a)(3)(A). (2) Institutional or inpatient care.—The 11 12 transitional period under this subsection for a con-13 tinuing care patient described in subsection 14 (a)(4)(B) shall extend until the earlier of— 15 (A) the expiration of the 90-day period be-16 ginning on the date on which the notice under 17 subsection (a)(3)(A) is provided; or 18 (B) the date of discharge of the patient 19 from such care or the termination of the period 20 of institutionalization, or, if later, the date of 21 completion of reasonable follow-up care. 22 (3) Scheduled non-elective surgery.— 23 The transitional period under this subsection for a 24 continuing care patient described in subsection

(a)(4)(C) shall extend until the completion of the

- surgery involved and post-surgical follow-up care relating to the surgery and occurring within 90 days
- 3 after the date of the surgery.
- 4 (4) Pregnancy.—The transitional period 5 under this subsection for a continuing care patient 6 described in subsection (a)(4)(D) shall extend 7 through the provision of post-partum care directly 8 related to the delivery.
- 9 (5) TERMINAL ILLNESS.—The transitional pe-10 riod under this subsection for a continuing care pa-11 tient described in subsection (a)(4)(E) shall extend 12 for the remainder of the patient's life for care that 13 is directly related to the treatment of the terminal 14 illness or its medical manifestations.
- 15 (c) Permissible Terms and Conditions.—A
 16 group health plan or health insurance issuer may condi17 tion coverage of continued treatment by a provider under
 18 this section upon the provider agreeing to the following
 19 terms and conditions:
- 20 (1) The treating health care provider agrees to 21 accept reimbursement from the plan or issuer and 22 continuing care patient involved (with respect to 23 cost-sharing) at the rates applicable prior to the 24 start of the transitional period as payment in full 25 (or, in the case described in subsection (a)(2), at the

- rates applicable under the replacement plan or coverage after the date of the termination of the contract with the group health plan or health insurance
 issuer) and not to impose cost-sharing with respect
 to the patient in an amount that would exceed the
 cost-sharing that could have been imposed if the
 contract referred to in subsection (a)(1) had not
 been terminated.
 - (2) The treating health care provider agrees to adhere to the quality assurance standards of the plan or issuer responsible for payment under paragraph (1) and to provide to such plan or issuer necessary medical information related to the care provided.
 - (3) The treating health care provider agrees otherwise to adhere to such plan's or issuer's policies and procedures, including procedures regarding referrals and obtaining prior authorization and providing services pursuant to a treatment plan (if any) approved by the plan or issuer.
- 21 (d) RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this sec-22 tion shall be construed—
- 23 (1) to require the coverage of benefits which 24 would not have been covered if the provider involved 25 remained a participating provider; or

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1	(2) with respect to the termination of a con-
2	tract under subsection (a) to prevent a group health
3	plan or health insurance issuer from requiring that
4	the health care provider—
5	(A) notify participants, beneficiaries, or en-
6	rollees of their rights under this section; or
7	(B) provide the plan or issuer with the
8	name of each participant, beneficiary, or en-
9	rollee who the provider believes is a continuing
10	care patient.
11	(e) Definitions.—In this section:
12	(1) Contract.—The term "contract" includes,
13	with respect to a plan or issuer and a treating
14	health care provider, a contract between such plan
15	or issuer and an organized network of providers that
16	includes the treating health care provider, and (in
17	the case of such a contract) the contract between the
18	treating health care provider and the organized net-
19	work.
20	(2) Health care provider.—The term
21	"health care provider" or "provider" means—
22	(A) any individual who is engaged in the
23	delivery of health care services in a State and

who is required by State law or regulation to be

1	licensed or certified by the State to engage in
2	the delivery of such services in the State; and
3	(B) any entity that is engaged in the deliv-
4	ery of health care services in a State and that
5	if it is required by State law or regulation to be
6	licensed or certified by the State to engage in
7	the delivery of such services in the State, is so
8	licensed.
9	(3) Serious and complex condition.—The
10	term "serious and complex condition" means, with
11	respect to a participant, beneficiary, or enrolled
12	under the plan or coverage—
13	(A) in the case of an acute illness, a condi-
14	tion that is serious enough to require special-
15	ized medical treatment to avoid the reasonable
16	possibility of death or permanent harm; or
17	(B) in the case of a chronic illness or con-
18	dition, is an ongoing special condition (as de-
19	fined in section $114(b)(2)(B)$.
20	(4) TERMINATED.—The term "terminated" in-
21	cludes, with respect to a contract, the expiration or
22	nonrenewal of the contract, but does not include a
23	termination of the contract for failure to meet appli-

cable quality standards or for fraud. $\,$

1 SEC. 118. ACCESS TO NEEDED PRESCRIPTION DRUGS.

2	(a) In General.—To the extent that a group health
3	plan, or health insurance coverage offered by a health in-
4	surance issuer, provides coverage for benefits with respect
5	to prescription drugs, and limits such coverage to drugs
6	included in a formulary, the plan or issuer shall—
7	(1) ensure the participation of physicians and
8	pharmacists in developing and reviewing such for-
9	mulary;
10	(2) provide for disclosure of the formulary to
11	providers; and
12	(3) in accordance with the applicable quality as-
13	surance and utilization review standards of the plan
14	or issuer, provide for exceptions from the formulary
15	limitation when a non-formulary alternative is medi-
16	cally necessary and appropriate and, in the case of
17	such an exception, apply the same cost-sharing re-
18	quirements that would have applied in the case of a
19	drug covered under the formulary.
20	(b) Coverage of Approved Drugs and Medical
21	Devices.—
22	(1) In general.—A group health plan (or
23	health insurance coverage offered in connection with
24	such a plan) that provides any coverage of prescrip-
25	tion drugs or medical devices shall not deny coverage

1	of such a drug or device on the basis that the use
2	is investigational, if the use—
3	(A) in the case of a prescription drug—
4	(i) is included in the labeling author-
5	ized by the application in effect for the
6	drug pursuant to subsection (b) or (j) of
7	section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug,
8	and Cosmetic Act, without regard to any
9	postmarketing requirements that may
10	apply under such Act; or
11	(ii) is included in the labeling author-
12	ized by the application in effect for the
13	drug under section 351 of the Public
14	Health Service Act, without regard to any
15	postmarketing requirements that may
16	apply pursuant to such section; or
17	(B) in the case of a medical device, is in-
18	cluded in the labeling authorized by a regula-
19	tion under subsection (d) or (3) of section 513
20	of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act,
21	an order under subsection (f) of such section, or
22	an application approved under section 515 of
23	such Act, without regard to any postmarketing
24	requirements that may apply under such Act.

1	(2) Construction.—Nothing in this sub-
2	section shall be construed as requiring a group
3	health plan (or health insurance coverage offered in
4	connection with such a plan) to provide any coverage
5	of prescription drugs or medical devices.
6	SEC. 119. COVERAGE FOR INDIVIDUALS PARTICIPATING IN
7	APPROVED CLINICAL TRIALS.
8	(a) Coverage.—
9	(1) IN GENERAL.—If a group health plan, or
10	health insurance issuer that is providing health in-
11	surance coverage, provides coverage to a qualified in-
12	dividual (as defined in subsection (b)), the plan or
13	issuer—
14	(A) may not deny the individual participa-
15	tion in the clinical trial referred to in subsection
16	(b)(2);
17	(B) subject to subsection (c), may not deny
18	(or limit or impose additional conditions on) the
19	coverage of routine patient costs for items and
20	services furnished in connection with participa-
21	tion in the trial; and
22	(C) may not discriminate against the indi-
23	vidual on the basis of the enrollee's participa-
24	tion in such trial.

- 1 (2) EXCLUSION OF CERTAIN COSTS.—For pur-2 poses of paragraph (1)(B), routine patient costs do 3 not include the cost of the tests or measurements 4 conducted primarily for the purpose of the clinical 5 trial involved.
- 6 (3) Use of in-network providers.—If one 7 or more participating providers is participating in a 8 clinical trial, nothing in paragraph (1) shall be con-9 strued as preventing a plan or issuer from requiring 10 that a qualified individual participate in the trial 11 through such a participating provider if the provider 12 will accept the individual as a participant in the 13 trial.
- 14 (b) QUALIFIED INDIVIDUAL DEFINED.—For pur-15 poses of subsection (a), the term "qualified individual" 16 means an individual who is a participant or beneficiary 17 in a group health plan, or who is an enrollee under health 18 insurance coverage, and who meets the following condi-19 tions:
- 20 (1)(A) The individual has a life-threatening or 21 serious illness for which no standard treatment is ef-22 fective.
- 23 (B) The individual is eligible to participate in 24 an approved clinical trial according to the trial pro-25 tocol with respect to treatment of such illness.

(C) The individual's participation in the trial offers meaningful potential for significant clinical benefit for the individual.

(2) Either—

- (A) the referring physician is a participating health care professional and has concluded that the individual's participation in such trial would be appropriate based upon the individual meeting the conditions described in paragraph (1); or
- (B) the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee provides medical and scientific information establishing that the individual's participation in such trial would be appropriate based upon the individual meeting the conditions described in paragraph (1).

(c) Payment.—

(1) In GENERAL.—Under this section a group health plan or health insurance issuer shall provide for payment for routine patient costs described in subsection (a)(2) but is not required to pay for costs of items and services that are reasonably expected (as determined by the appropriate Secretary) to be paid for by the sponsors of an approved clinical trial.

1	(2) PAYMENT RATE.—In the case of covered
2	items and services provided by—
3	(A) a participating provider, the payment
4	rate shall be at the agreed upon rate; or
5	(B) a nonparticipating provider, the pay-
6	ment rate shall be at the rate the plan or issuer
7	would normally pay for comparable services
8	under subparagraph (A).
9	(d) Approved Clinical Trial Defined.—
10	(1) In general.—In this section, the term
11	"approved clinical trial" means a clinical research
12	study or clinical investigation approved and funded
13	(which may include funding through in-kind con-
14	tributions) by one or more of the following:
15	(A) The National Institutes of Health.
16	(B) A cooperative group or center of the
17	National Institutes of Health.
18	(C) The Food and Drug Administration.
19	(D) Either of the following if the condi-
20	tions described in paragraph (2) are met:
21	(i) The Department of Veterans Af-
22	fairs.
23	(ii) The Department of Defense.
24	(2) Conditions for departments.—The
25	conditions described in this paragraph, for a study

1	or investigation conducted by a Department, are
2	that the study or investigation has been reviewed
3	and approved through a system of peer review that
4	the appropriate Secretary determines—
5	(A) to be comparable to the system of peer
6	review of studies and investigations used by the
7	National Institutes of Health; and
8	(B) assures unbiased review of the highest
9	scientific standards by qualified individuals who
10	have no interest in the outcome of the review.
11	(e) Construction.—Nothing in this section shall be
12	construed to limit a plan's or issuer's coverage with re-
13	spect to clinical trials.
14	SEC. 120. REQUIRED COVERAGE FOR MINIMUM HOSPITAL
15	STAY FOR MASTECTOMIES AND LYMPH NODE
15	STAT FOR MASTECTOMIES AND LIMPH NODE
16	DISSECTIONS FOR THE TREATMENT OF
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16 17	DISSECTIONS FOR THE TREATMENT OF BREAST CANCER AND COVERAGE FOR SEC-
16 17 18	DISSECTIONS FOR THE TREATMENT OF BREAST CANCER AND COVERAGE FOR SEC- ONDARY CONSULTATIONS.
16 17 18 19	DISSECTIONS FOR THE TREATMENT OF BREAST CANCER AND COVERAGE FOR SEC- ONDARY CONSULTATIONS. (a) Inpatient Care.—
16 17 18 19 20	DISSECTIONS FOR THE TREATMENT OF BREAST CANCER AND COVERAGE FOR SEC- ONDARY CONSULTATIONS. (a) Inpatient Care.— (1) In general.—A group health plan, and a
16 17 18 19 20 21	DISSECTIONS FOR THE TREATMENT OF BREAST CANCER AND COVERAGE FOR SEC- ONDARY CONSULTATIONS. (a) Inpatient Care.— (1) In general.—A group health plan, and a health insurance issuer providing health insurance
16171819202122	DISSECTIONS FOR THE TREATMENT OF BREAST CANCER AND COVERAGE FOR SEC- ONDARY CONSULTATIONS. (a) Inpatient Care.— (1) In general.—A group health plan, and a health insurance issuer providing health insurance coverage, that provides medical and surgical benefits

1	cian, in consultation with the patient, to be medi-
2	cally necessary and appropriate following—
3	(A) a mastectomy;
4	(B) a lumpectomy; or
5	(C) a lymph node dissection for the treat-
6	ment of breast cancer.
7	(2) Exception.—Nothing in this section shall
8	be construed as requiring the provision of inpatient
9	coverage if the attending physician and patient de-
10	termine that a shorter period of hospital stay is
11	medically appropriate.
12	(b) Prohibition on Certain Modifications.—In
13	implementing the requirements of this section, a group
14	health plan, and a health insurance issuer providing health
15	insurance coverage, may not modify the terms and condi-
16	tions of coverage based on the determination by a partici-
17	pant, beneficiary, or enrollee to request less than the min-
18	imum coverage required under subsection (a).
19	(c) Secondary Consultations.—
20	(1) IN GENERAL.—A group health plan, and a
21	health insurance issuer providing health insurance
22	coverage, that provides coverage with respect to
23	medical and surgical services provided in relation to
24	the diagnosis and treatment of cancer shall ensure
25	that full coverage is provided for secondary consulta-

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tions by specialists in the appropriate medical fields (including pathology, radiology, and oncology) to confirm or refute such diagnosis. Such plan or issuer shall ensure that full coverage is provided for such secondary consultation whether such consultation is based on a positive or negative initial diagnosis. In any case in which the attending physician certifies in writing that services necessary for such a secondary consultation are not sufficiently available from specialists operating under the plan or coverage with respect to whose services coverage is otherwise provided under such plan or by such issuer, such plan or issuer shall ensure that coverage is provided with respect to the services necessary for the secondary consultation with any other specialist selected by the attending physician for such purpose at no additional cost to the individual beyond that which the individual would have paid if the specialist was participating in the network of the plan or issuer.

(2) EXCEPTION.—Nothing in paragraph (1) shall be construed as requiring the provision of secondary consultations where the patient determines not to seek such a consultation.

1	(d) Prohibition on Penalties or Incentives.—
2	A group health plan, and a health insurance issuer pro
3	viding health insurance coverage, may not—
4	(1) penalize or otherwise reduce or limit the re
5	imbursement of a provider or specialist because the
6	provider or specialist provided care to a participant
7	beneficiary, or enrollee in accordance with this sec
8	tion;
9	(2) provide financial or other incentives to a
10	physician or specialist to induce the physician or
11	specialist to keep the length of inpatient stays of pa
12	tients following a mastectomy, lumpectomy, or a
13	lymph node dissection for the treatment of breas
14	cancer below certain limits or to limit referrals for
15	secondary consultations; or
16	(3) provide financial or other incentives to a
17	physician or specialist to induce the physician or
18	specialist to refrain from referring a participant
19	beneficiary, or enrollee for a secondary consultation
20	that would otherwise be covered by the plan or cov
21	erage involved under subsection (c).
22	Subtitle C—Access to Information
23	SEC. 121. PATIENT ACCESS TO INFORMATION.
24	(a) Requirement—
25	(1) Disclosure.—

1	(A) In General.—A group health plan,
2	and a health insurance issuer that provides cov-
3	erage in connection with health insurance cov-
4	erage, shall provide for the disclosure to partici-
5	pants, beneficiaries, and enrollees—
6	(i) of the information described in
7	subsection (b) at the time of the initial en-
8	rollment of the participant, beneficiary, or
9	enrollee under the plan or coverage;
10	(ii) of such information on an annual
11	basis—
12	(I) in conjunction with the elec-
13	tion period of the plan or coverage if
14	the plan or coverage has such an elec-
15	tion period; or
16	(II) in the case of a plan or cov-
17	erage that does not have an election
18	period, in conjunction with the begin-
19	ning of the plan or coverage year; and
20	(iii) of information relating to any
21	material reduction to the benefits or infor-
22	mation described in such subsection or
23	subsection (e), in the form of a notice pro-
24	vided not later than 30 days before the
25	date on which the reduction takes effect.

1	(B) Participants, beneficiaries, and
2	ENROLLEES.—The disclosure required under
3	subparagraph (A) shall be provided—
4	(i) jointly to each participant, bene-
5	ficiary, and enrollee who reside at the same
6	address; or
7	(ii) in the case of a beneficiary or en-
8	rollee who does not reside at the same ad-
9	dress as the participant or another en-
10	rollee, separately to the participant or
11	other enrollees and such beneficiary or en-
12	rollee.
13	(2) Provision of Information.—Information
14	shall be provided to participants, beneficiaries, and
15	enrollees under this section at the last known ad-
16	dress maintained by the plan or issuer with respect
17	to such participants, beneficiaries, or enrollees, to
18	the extent that such information is provided to par-
19	ticipants, beneficiaries, or enrollees via the United
20	States Postal Service or other private delivery serv-
21	ice.
22	(b) REQUIRED INFORMATION.—The informational
23	materials to be distributed under this section shall include
24	for each option available under the group health plan or
25	health insurance coverage the following:

1	(1) Benefits.—A description of the covered
2	benefits, including—
3	(A) any in- and out-of-network benefits;
4	(B) specific preventive services covered
5	under the plan or coverage if such services are
6	covered;
7	(C) any specific exclusions or express limi-
8	tations of benefits described in section
9	104(b)(3)(C);
10	(D) any other benefit limitations, including
11	any annual or lifetime benefit limits and any
12	monetary limits or limits on the number of vis-
13	its, days, or services, and any specific coverage
14	exclusions; and
15	(E) any definition of medical necessity
16	used in making coverage determinations by the
17	plan, issuer, or claims administrator.
18	(2) Cost sharing.—A description of any cost-
19	sharing requirements, including—
20	(A) any premiums, deductibles, coinsur-
21	ance, copayment amounts, and liability for bal-
22	ance billing, for which the participant, bene-
23	ficiary, or enrollee will be responsible under
24	each option available under the plan;

1	(B) any maximum out-of-pocket expense
2	for which the participant, beneficiary, or en-
3	rollee may be liable;
4	(C) any cost-sharing requirements for out-
5	of-network benefits or services received from
6	nonparticipating providers; and
7	(D) any additional cost-sharing or charges
8	for benefits and services that are furnished
9	without meeting applicable plan or coverage re-
10	quirements, such as prior authorization or
11	precertification.
12	(3) Service Area.—A description of the plan
13	or issuer's service area, including the provision of
14	any out-of-area coverage.
15	(4) Participating providers.—A directory of
16	participating providers (to the extent a plan or
17	issuer provides coverage through a network of pro-
18	viders) that includes, at a minimum, the name, ad-
19	dress, and telephone number of each participating
20	provider, and information about how to inquire
21	whether a participating provider is currently accept-
22	ing new patients.
23	(5) Choice of Primary care provider.—A
24	description of any requirements and procedures to

be used by participants, beneficiaries, and enrollees

- in selecting, accessing, or changing their primary
 care provider, including providers both within and
 outside of the network (if the plan or issuer permits
 out-of-network services), and the right to select a pediatrician as a primary care provider under section
 116 for a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee who is
 a child if such section applies.
 - (6) Preauthorization requirements.—A description of the requirements and procedures to be used to obtain preauthorization for health services, if such preauthorization is required.
 - (7) Experimental and investigational treatments.—A description of the process for determining whether a particular item, service, or treatment is considered experimental or investigational, and the circumstances under which such treatments are covered by the plan or issuer.
 - (8) Specialty care.—A description of the requirements and procedures to be used by participants, beneficiaries, and enrollees in accessing specialty care and obtaining referrals to participating and nonparticipating specialists, including any limitations on choice of health care professionals referred to in section 112(b)(2) and the right to timely

- access to specialists care under section 114 if such
 section applies.
 - (9) CLINICAL TRIALS.—A description the circumstances and conditions under which participation in clinical trials is covered under the terms and conditions of the plan or coverage, and the right to obtain coverage for approved clinical trials under section 119 if such section applies.
 - (10) Prescription drugs.—To the extent the plan or issuer provides coverage for prescription drugs, a statement of whether such coverage is limited to drugs included in a formulary, a description of any provisions and cost-sharing required for obtaining on- and off-formulary medications, and a description of the rights of participants, beneficiaries, and enrollees in obtaining access to access to prescription drugs under section 118 if such section applies.
 - (11) EMERGENCY SERVICES.—A summary of the rules and procedures for accessing emergency services, including the right of a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee to obtain emergency services under the prudent layperson standard under section 113, if such section applies, and any educational in-

- formation that the plan or issuer may provide regarding the appropriate use of emergency services.
- (12) CLAIMS AND APPEALS.—A description of 3 the plan or issuer's rules and procedures pertaining 4 5 to claims and appeals, a description of the rights 6 (including deadlines for exercising rights) of partici-7 pants, beneficiaries, and enrollees under subtitle A 8 in obtaining covered benefits, filing a claim for bene-9 fits, and appealing coverage decisions internally and 10 externally (including telephone numbers and mailing 11 addresses of the appropriate authority), and a de-12 scription of any additional legal rights and remedies 13 available under section 502 of the Employee Retire-14 ment Income Security Act of 1974 and applicable 15 State law.
 - (13) Advance directives and organ donation decisions if the plan or issuer maintains such procedures.
 - (14) Information on Plans and Issuers.—
 The name, mailing address, and telephone number or numbers of the plan administrator and the issuer to be used by participants, beneficiaries, and enrollees seeking information about plan or coverage benefits and services, payment of a claim, or authoriza-

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- tion for services and treatment. Notice of whether the benefits under the plan or coverage are provided under a contract or policy of insurance issued by an issuer, or whether benefits are provided directly by the plan sponsor who bears the insurance risk.
 - (15) Translation services.—A summary description of any translation or interpretation services (including the availability of printed information in languages other than English, audio tapes, or information in Braille) that are available for non-English speakers and participants, beneficiaries, and enrollees with communication disabilities and a description of how to access these items or services.
 - (16) ACCREDITATION INFORMATION.—Any information that is made public by accrediting organizations in the process of accreditation if the plan or issuer is accredited, or any additional quality indicators (such as the results of enrollee satisfaction surveys) that the plan or issuer makes public or makes available to participants, beneficiaries, and enrollees.
 - (17) Notice of requirements.—A description of any rights of participants, beneficiaries, and enrollees that are established by the Bipartisan Patient Protection Act of 2001 (excluding those described in paragraphs (1) through (16)) if such sec-

- 1 tions apply. The description required under this 2 paragraph may be combined with the notices of the 3 type described in sections 711(d), 713(b), or 4 606(a)(1) of the Employee Retirement Income Secu-5 rity Act of 1974 and with any other notice provision 6 that the appropriate Secretary determines may be 7 combined, so long as such combination does not re-8 sult in any reduction in the information that would 9 otherwise be provided to the recipient.
- 10 (18) AVAILABILITY OF ADDITIONAL INFORMA11 TION.—A statement that the information described
 12 in subsection (c), and instructions on obtaining such
 13 information (including telephone numbers and, if
 14 available, Internet websites), shall be made available
 15 upon request.
- 16 (c) Additional Information.—The informational
 17 materials to be provided upon the request of a participant,
 18 beneficiary, or enrollee shall include for each option avail19 able under a group health plan or health insurance cov20 erage the following:
- 21 (1) STATUS OF PROVIDERS.—The State licen-22 sure status of the plan or issuer's participating 23 health care professionals and participating health 24 care facilities, and, if available, the education, train-

- ing, specialty qualifications or certifications of such
 professionals.
- description by category of the applicable methods
 (such as capitation, fee-for-service, salary, bundled
 payments, per diem, or a combination thereof) used
 for compensating prospective or treating health care
 professionals (including primary care providers and
 specialists) and facilities in connection with the provision of health care under the plan or coverage.
 - (3) Prescription drugs.—Information about whether a specific prescription medication is included in the formulary of the plan or issuer, if the plan or issuer uses a defined formulary.
 - (4) EXTERNAL APPEALS INFORMATION.—Aggregate information on the number and outcomes of external medical reviews, relative to the sample size (such as the number of covered lives) under the plan or under the coverage of the issuer.
- 20 (d) Manner of Disclosure.—The information de-21 scribed in this section shall be disclosed in an accessible 22 medium and format that is calculated to be understood 23 by an average participant or enrollee.
- 24 (e) Rules of Construction.—Nothing in this sec-25 tion shall be construed to prohibit a group health plan,

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1	or a health insurance issuer in connection with health in-
2	surance coverage, from—
3	(1) distributing any other additional informa-
4	tion determined by the plan or issuer to be impor-
5	tant or necessary in assisting participants, bene-
6	ficiaries, and enrollees in the selection of a health
7	plan or health insurance coverage; and
8	(2) complying with the provisions of this section
9	by providing information in brochures, through the
10	Internet or other electronic media, or through other
11	similar means, so long as—
12	(A) the disclosure of such information in
13	such form is in accordance with requirements
14	as the appropriate Secretary may impose, and
15	(B) in connection with any such disclosure
16	of information through the Internet or other
17	electronic media—
18	(i) the recipient has affirmatively con-
19	sented to the disclosure of such informa-
20	tion in such form,
21	(ii) the recipient is capable of access-
22	ing the information so disclosed on the re-
23	cipient's individual workstation or at the
24	recipient's home,

1	(iii) the recipient retains an ongoing
2	right to receive paper disclosure of such in-
3	formation and receives, in advance of any
4	attempt at disclosure of such information
5	to him or her through the Internet or
6	other electronic media, notice in printed
7	form of such ongoing right and of the
8	proper software required to view informa-
9	tion so disclosed, and
10	(iv) the plan administrator appro-
11	priately ensures that the intended recipient
12	is receiving the information so disclosed
13	and provides the information in printed
14	form if the information is not received.
15	Subtitle D—Protecting the Doctor-
16	Patient Relationship
17	SEC. 131. PROHIBITION OF INTERFERENCE WITH CERTAIN
18	MEDICAL COMMUNICATIONS.
19	(a) General Rule.—The provisions of any contract
20	or agreement, or the operation of any contract or agree-
21	ment, between a group health plan or health insurance
22	issuer in relation to health insurance coverage (including
23	any partnership, association, or other organization that
24	enters into or administers such a contract or agreement)
25	and a health care provider (or group of health care pro-

- 1 viders) shall not prohibit or otherwise restrict a health
- 2 care professional from advising such a participant, bene-
- 3 ficiary, or enrollee who is a patient of the professional
- 4 about the health status of the individual or medical care
- 5 or treatment for the individual's condition or disease, re-
- 6 gardless of whether benefits for such care or treatment
- 7 are provided under the plan or coverage, if the professional
- 8 is acting within the lawful scope of practice.
- 9 (b) Nullification.—Any contract provision or
- 10 agreement that restricts or prohibits medical communica-
- 11 tions in violation of subsection (a) shall be null and void.
- 12 SEC. 132. PROHIBITION OF DISCRIMINATION AGAINST PRO-
- 13 VIDERS BASED ON LICENSURE.
- 14 (a) IN GENERAL.—A group health plan, and a health
- 15 insurance issuer with respect to health insurance coverage,
- 16 shall not discriminate with respect to participation or in-
- 17 demnification as to any provider who is acting within the
- 18 scope of the provider's license or certification under appli-
- 19 cable State law, solely on the basis of such license or cer-
- 20 tification.
- 21 (b) Construction.—Subsection (a) shall not be
- 22 construed—
- 23 (1) as requiring the coverage under a group
- health plan or health insurance coverage of a par-
- 25 ticular benefit or service or to prohibit a plan or

- issuer from including providers only to the extent necessary to meet the needs of the plan's or issuer's participants, beneficiaries, or enrollees or from establishing any measure designed to maintain quality and control costs consistent with the responsibilities
- 7 (2) to override any State licensure or scope-of-8 practice law; or
- 9 (3) as requiring a plan or issuer that offers net-10 work coverage to include for participation every will-11 ing provider who meets the terms and conditions of 12 the plan or issuer.

13 SEC. 133. PROHIBITION AGAINST IMPROPER INCENTIVE

14 ARRANGEMENTS.

of the plan or issuer;

- 15 (a) In General.—A group health plan and a health
- 16 insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage may
- 17 not operate any physician incentive plan (as defined in
- 18 subparagraph (B) of section 1876(i)(8) of the Social Secu-
- 19 rity Act) unless the requirements described in clauses (i),
- 20 (ii)(I), and (iii) of subparagraph (A) of such section are
- 21 met with respect to such a plan.
- 22 (b) Application.—For purposes of carrying out
- 23 paragraph (1), any reference in section 1876(i)(8) of the
- 24 Social Security Act to the Secretary, an eligible organiza-
- 25 tion, or an individual enrolled with the organization shall

- 1 be treated as a reference to the applicable authority, a
- 2 group health plan or health insurance issuer, respectively,
- 3 and a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee with the plan
- 4 or organization, respectively.
- 5 (c) Construction.—Nothing in this section shall be
- 6 construed as prohibiting all capitation and similar ar-
- 7 rangements or all provider discount arrangements.

8 SEC. 134. PAYMENT OF CLAIMS.

- 9 A group health plan, and a health insurance issuer
- 10 offering group health insurance coverage, shall provide for
- 11 prompt payment of claims submitted for health care serv-
- 12 ices or supplies furnished to a participant, beneficiary, or
- 13 enrollee with respect to benefits covered by the plan or
- 14 issuer, in a manner consistent with the provisions of sec-
- 15 tion 1842(c)(2) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
- 16 1395u(c)(2)).

17 SEC. 135. PROTECTION FOR PATIENT ADVOCACY.

- 18 (a) Protection for Use of Utilization Review
- 19 AND GRIEVANCE PROCESS.—A group health plan, and a
- 20 health insurance issuer with respect to the provision of
- 21 health insurance coverage, may not retaliate against a par-
- 22 ticipant, beneficiary, enrollee, or health care provider
- 23 based on the participant's, beneficiary's, enrollee's or pro-
- 24 vider's use of, or participation in, a utilization review proc-
- 25 ess or a grievance process of the plan or issuer (including

1	an internal or external review or appeal process) under
2	this title.
3	(b) Protection for Quality Advocacy by
4	HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS.—
5	(1) In general.—A group health plan or
6	health insurance issuer may not retaliate or dis-
7	criminate against a protected health care profes-
8	sional because the professional in good faith—
9	(A) discloses information relating to the
10	care, services, or conditions affecting one or
11	more participants, beneficiaries, or enrollees of
12	the plan or issuer to an appropriate public reg-
13	ulatory agency, an appropriate private accredi-
14	tation body, or appropriate management per-
15	sonnel of the plan or issuer; or
16	(B) initiates, cooperates, or otherwise par-
17	ticipates in an investigation or proceeding by
18	such an agency with respect to such care, serv-
19	ices, or conditions.
20	If an institutional health care provider is a partici-
21	pating provider with such a plan or issuer or other-
22	wise receives payments for benefits provided by such
23	a plan or issuer, the provisions of the previous sen-
24	tence shall apply to the provider in relation to care,

services, or conditions affecting one or more patients

- within an institutional health care provider in the same manner as they apply to the plan or issuer in relation to care, services, or conditions provided to one or more participants, beneficiaries, or enrollees; and for purposes of applying this sentence, any reference to a plan or issuer is deemed a reference to the institutional health care provider.
 - (2) Good faith action.—For purposes of paragraph (1), a protected health care professional is considered to be acting in good faith with respect to disclosure of information or participation if, with respect to the information disclosed as part of the action—
 - (A) the disclosure is made on the basis of personal knowledge and is consistent with that degree of learning and skill ordinarily possessed by health care professionals with the same licensure or certification and the same experience;
 - (B) the professional reasonably believes the information to be true;
 - (C) the information evidences either a violation of a law, rule, or regulation, of an applicable accreditation standard, or of a generally recognized professional or clinical standard or

that a patient is in imminent hazard of loss of life or serious injury; and

(D) subject to subparagraphs (B) and (C) of paragraph (3), the professional has followed reasonable internal procedures of the plan, issuer, or institutional health care provider established for the purpose of addressing quality concerns before making the disclosure.

(3) Exception and special rule.—

- (A) GENERAL EXCEPTION.—Paragraph (1) does not protect disclosures that would violate Federal or State law or diminish or impair the rights of any person to the continued protection of confidentiality of communications provided by such law.
- (B) Notice of internal procedures.—
 Subparagraph (D) of paragraph (2) shall not apply unless the internal procedures involved are reasonably expected to be known to the health care professional involved. For purposes of this subparagraph, a health care professional is reasonably expected to know of internal procedures if those procedures have been made available to the professional through distribution or posting.

1	(C) Internal procedure exception.—
2	Subparagraph (D) of paragraph (2) also shall
3	not apply if—
4	(i) the disclosure relates to an immi-
5	nent hazard of loss of life or serious injury
6	to a patient;
7	(ii) the disclosure is made to an ap-
8	propriate private accreditation body pursu-
9	ant to disclosure procedures established by
10	the body; or
11	(iii) the disclosure is in response to an
12	inquiry made in an investigation or pro-
13	ceeding of an appropriate public regulatory
14	agency and the information disclosed is
15	limited to the scope of the investigation or
16	proceeding.
17	(4) Additional considerations.—It shall
18	not be a violation of paragraph (1) to take an ad-
19	verse action against a protected health care profes-
20	sional if the plan, issuer, or provider taking the ad-
21	verse action involved demonstrates that it would
22	have taken the same adverse action even in the ab-
23	sence of the activities protected under such para-
24	eraph.

(5) Notice.—A group health plan, health insurance issuer, and institutional health care provider shall post a notice, to be provided or approved by the Secretary of Labor, setting forth excerpts from, or summaries of, the pertinent provisions of this subsection and information pertaining to enforcement of such provisions.

(6) Constructions.—

- (A) DETERMINATIONS OF COVERAGE.—
 Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prohibit a plan or issuer from making a determination not to pay for a particular medical treatment or service or the services of a type of health care professional.
- (B) Enforcement of Peer Review Protocols and internal procedures.—Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prohibit a plan, issuer, or provider from establishing and enforcing reasonable peer review or utilization review protocols or determining whether a protected health care professional has complied with those protocols or from establishing and enforcing internal procedures for the purpose of addressing quality concerns.

1	(C) Relation to other rights.—Noth-
2	ing in this subsection shall be construed to
3	abridge rights of participants, beneficiaries, en-
4	rollees, and protected health care professionals
5	under other applicable Federal or State laws.
6	(7) Protected Health care professional
7	DEFINED.—For purposes of this subsection, the
8	term "protected health care professional" means an
9	individual who is a licensed or certified health care
10	professional and who—
11	(A) with respect to a group health plan or
12	health insurance issuer, is an employee of the
13	plan or issuer or has a contract with the plan
14	or issuer for provision of services for which ben-
15	efits are available under the plan or issuer; or
16	(B) with respect to an institutional health
17	care provider, is an employee of the provider or
18	has a contract or other arrangement with the
19	provider respecting the provision of health care
20	services.
21	Subtitle E—Definitions
22	SEC. 151. DEFINITIONS.
23	(a) Incorporation of General Definitions.—
24	Except as otherwise provided, the provisions of section
25	2791 of the Public Health Service Act shall apply for pur-

1	poses of this title in the same manner as they apply for
2	purposes of title XXVII of such Act.
3	(b) Secretary.—Except as otherwise provided, the
4	term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Health and
5	Human Services, in consultation with the Secretary of
6	Labor and the term "appropriate Secretary" means the
7	Secretary of Health and Human Services in relation to
8	carrying out this title under sections 2706 and 2751 of
9	the Public Health Service Act and the Secretary of Labor
10	in relation to carrying out this title under section 713 of
11	the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974.
12	(c) Additional Definitions.—For purposes of this
13	title:
14	(1) APPLICABLE AUTHORITY.—The term "ap-
15	plicable authority" means—
16	(A) in the case of a group health plan, the
17	Secretary of Health and Human Services and
18	the Secretary of Labor; and
19	(B) in the case of a health insurance issuer
20	with respect to a specific provision of this title,
21	the applicable State authority (as defined in
22	section 2791(d) of the Public Health Service
23	Act), or the Secretary of Health and Human
24	Services, if such Secretary is enforcing such

- provision under section 2722(a)(2) or 2761(a)(2) of the Public Health Service Act.
- 3 (3) ENROLLEE.—The term "enrollee" means, 4 with respect to health insurance coverage offered by 5 a health insurance issuer, an individual enrolled with 6 the issuer to receive such coverage.
 - (4) GROUP HEALTH PLAN.—The term "group health plan" has the meaning given such term in section 733(a) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, except that such term includes a employee welfare benefit plan treated as a group health plan under section 732(d) of such Act or defined as such a plan under section 607(1) of such Act.
 - (5) HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONAL.—The term "health care professional" means an individual who is licensed, accredited, or certified under State law to provide specified health care services and who is operating within the scope of such licensure, accreditation, or certification.
 - (6) HEALTH CARE PROVIDER.—The term "health care provider" includes a physician or other health care professional, as well as an institutional or other facility or agency that provides health care services and that is licensed, accredited, or certified

- to provide health care items and services under applicable State law.
 - (7) Network.—The term "network" means, with respect to a group health plan or health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, the participating health care professionals and providers through whom the plan or issuer provides health care items and services to participants, beneficiaries, or enrollees.
 - (8) Nonparticipating.—The term "non-participating" means, with respect to a health care provider that provides health care items and services to a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee under group health plan or health insurance coverage, a health care provider that is not a participating health care provider with respect to such items and services.
 - (9) Participating.—The term "participating" means, with respect to a health care provider that provides health care items and services to a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee under group health plan or health insurance coverage offered by a health insurance issuer, a health care provider that furnishes such items and services under a contract or other arrangement with the plan or issuer.

1	(10) Prior authorization.—The term "prior
2	authorization" means the process of obtaining prior
3	approval from a health insurance issuer or group
4	health plan for the provision or coverage of medical
5	services.
6	(11) TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—The term
7	"terms and conditions" includes, with respect to a
8	group health plan or health insurance coverage, re-
9	quirements imposed under this title with respect to
10	the plan or coverage.
11	SEC. 152. PREEMPTION; STATE FLEXIBILITY; CONSTRUC-
	TION.
12	11014.
12 13	(a) Continued Applicability of State Law
13	(a) Continued Applicability of State Law
13 14	(a) Continued Applicability of State Law With Respect to Health Insurance Issuers.—
13 14 15 16	(a) Continued Applicability of State Law With Respect to Health Insurance Issuers.— (1) In general.—Subject to paragraph (2),
13 14 15	(a) Continued Applicability of State Law With Respect to Health Insurance Issuers.— (1) In General.—Subject to paragraph (2), this title shall not be construed to supersede any
13 14 15 16 17	(a) Continued Applicability of State Law With Respect to Health Insurance Issuers.— (1) In General.—Subject to paragraph (2), this title shall not be construed to supersede any provision of State law which establishes, implements,
13 14 15 16 17	(a) Continued Applicability of State Law With Respect to Health Insurance Issuers.— (1) In General.—Subject to paragraph (2), this title shall not be construed to supersede any provision of State law which establishes, implements, or continues in effect any standard or requirement.
13 14 15 16 17 18	(a) Continued Applicability of State Law With Respect to Health Insurance Issuers.— (1) In General.—Subject to paragraph (2), this title shall not be construed to supersede any provision of State law which establishes, implements, or continues in effect any standard or requirement solely relating to health insurance issuers (in connec-
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) Continued Applicability of State Law With Respect to Health Insurance Issuers.— (1) In General.—Subject to paragraph (2), this title shall not be construed to supersede any provision of State law which establishes, implements, or continues in effect any standard or requirement solely relating to health insurance issuers (in connection with group health insurance coverage or other-
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) Continued Applicability of State Law With Respect to Health Insurance Issuers.— (1) In General.—Subject to paragraph (2), this title shall not be construed to supersede any provision of State law which establishes, implements, or continues in effect any standard or requirement solely relating to health insurance issuers (in connection with group health insurance coverage or otherwise) except to the extent that such standard or re-

TO GROUP HEALTH PLANS.—Nothing in this title

- shall be construed to affect or modify the provisions
- 2 of section 514 of the Employee Retirement Income
- 3 Security Act of 1974 with respect to group health
- 4 plans.
- 5 (3) Construction.—In applying this section,
- 6 a State law that provides for equal access to, and
- 7 availability of, all categories of licensed health care
- 8 providers and services shall not be treated as pre-
- 9 venting the application of any requirement of this
- title.
- 11 (b) Application of Substantially Equivalent
- 12 State Laws.—
- 13 (1) In General.—In the case of a State law
- that imposes, with respect to health insurance cov-
- erage offered by a health insurance issuer and with
- respect to a group health plan that is a non-Federal
- governmental plan, a requirement that is substan-
- tially equivalent (within the meaning of subsection
- (c)) to a patient protection requirement (as defined
- in paragraph (3)) and does not prevent the applica-
- 21 tion of other requirements under this Act (except in
- 22 the case of other substantially equivalent require-
- 23 ments), in applying the requirements of this title
- under section 2707 and 2753 (as applicable) of the

1	Public Health Service Act (as added by title II),
2	subject to subsection (a)(2)—
3	(A) the State law shall not be treated as
4	being superseded under subsection (a); and
5	(B) the State law shall apply instead of the
6	patient protection requirement otherwise appli-
7	cable with respect to health insurance coverage
8	and non-Federal governmental plans.
9	(2) LIMITATION.—In the case of a group health
10	plan covered under title I of the Employee Retire-
11	ment Income Security Act of 1974, paragraph (1)
12	shall be construed to apply only with respect to the
13	health insurance coverage (if any) offered in connec-
14	tion with the plan.
15	(3) Patient protection requirement de-
16	FINED.—For purposes of this section, the term "pa-
17	tient protection requirement" means a requirement
18	under this title, and includes (as a single require-
19	ment) a group or related set of requirements under
20	a section or similar unit under this title.
21	(c) Determinations of Substantial Equiva-
22	LENCE.—
23	(1) CERTIFICATION BY STATES.—A State may
24	submit to the Secretary a certification that a State
25	law provides for patient protections that are at least

substantially equivalent to one or more patient protection requirements. Such certification shall be accompanied by such information as may be required to permit the Secretary to make the determination described in paragraph (2)(A).

(2) Review.—

(A) In General.—The Secretary shall promptly review a certification submitted under paragraph (1) with respect to a State law to determine if the State law provides for at least substantially equivalent and effective patient protections to the patient protection requirement (or requirements) to which the law relates.

(B) APPROVAL DEADLINES.—

(i) Initial Review.—Such a certification is considered approved unless the Secretary notifies the State in writing, within 90 days after the date of receipt of the certification, that the certification is disapproved (and the reasons for disapproval) or that specified additional information is needed to make the determination described in subparagraph (A).

1	(ii) Additional information.—
2	With respect to a State that has been noti-
3	fied by the Secretary under clause (i) that
4	specified additional information is needed
5	to make the determination described in
6	subparagraph (A), the Secretary shall
7	make the determination within 60 days
8	after the date on which such specified ad-
9	ditional information is received by the Sec-
10	retary.
11	(3) Approval.—
12	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall ap-
13	prove a certification under paragraph (1)
14	unless—
15	(i) the State fails to provide sufficient
16	information to enable the Secretary to
17	make a determination under paragraph
18	(2)(A); or
19	(ii) the Secretary determines that the
20	State law involved does not provide for pa-
21	tient protections that are at least substan-
22	tially equivalent to and as effective as the
23	patient protection requirement (or require-
24	ments) to which the law relates.

- 1 (B) STATE CHALLENGE.—A State that has
 2 a certification disapproved by the Secretary
 3 under subparagraph (A) may challenge such
 4 disapproval in the appropriate United States
 5 district court.
 - (4) Construction.—Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as preventing the certification (and approval of certification) of a State law under this subsection solely because it provides for greater protections for patients than those protections otherwise required to establish substantial equivalence.
 - (d) Definitions.—For purposes of this section:
 - (1) STATE LAW.—The term "State law" includes all laws, decisions, rules, regulations, or other State action having the effect of law, of any State. A law of the United States applicable only to the District of Columbia shall be treated as a State law rather than a law of the United States.
 - (2) STATE.—The term "State" includes a State, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Northern Mariana Islands, any political subdivisions of such, or any agency or instrumentality of such.

1 SEC. 153. EXCLUSIONS.

2	(a) No Benefit Requirements.—Nothing in this
3	title shall be construed to require a group health plan or
4	a health insurance issuer offering health insurance cov-
5	erage to include specific items and services under the
6	terms of such a plan or coverage, other than those pro-
7	vided under the terms and conditions of such plan or cov-
8	erage.
9	(b) Exclusion from Access to Care Managed
10	CARE PROVISIONS FOR FEE-FOR-SERVICE COVERAGE.—
11	(1) In general.—The provisions of sections
12	111 through 117 shall not apply to a group health
13	plan or health insurance coverage if the only cov-
14	erage offered under the plan or coverage is fee-for-
15	service coverage (as defined in paragraph (2)).
16	(2) Fee-for-service coverage defined.—
17	For purposes of this subsection, the term "fee-for-
18	service coverage" means coverage under a group
19	health plan or health insurance coverage that—
20	(A) reimburses hospitals, health profes-
21	sionals, and other providers on a fee-for-service
22	basis without placing the provider at financial
23	risk;
24	(B) does not vary reimbursement for such
25	a provider based on an agreement to contract

1	terms and conditions or the utilization of health
2	care items or services relating to such provider;
3	(C) allows access to any provider that is
4	lawfully authorized to provide the covered serv-
5	ices and that agrees to accept the terms and
6	conditions of payment established under the
7	plan or by the issuer; and
8	(D) for which the plan or issuer does not
9	require prior authorization before providing for
10	any health care services.
11	SEC. 154. COVERAGE OF LIMITED SCOPE PLANS.
12	Only for purposes of applying the requirements of
13	this title under sections 2707 and 2753 of the Public
1/1	Health Sarvice Act and section 714 of the Employee Re-

- this title under sections 2707 and 2753 of the Public Health Service Act and section 714 of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, section 2791(c)(2)(A), and section 733(c)(2)(A) of the Employee
- 17 Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 shall be deemed
- 18 not to apply.

19 SEC. 155. REGULATIONS.

- The Secretaries of Health and Human Services and
- 21 Labor shall issue such regulations as may be necessary
- 22 or appropriate to carry out this title. Such regulations
- 23 shall be issued consistent with section 104 of Health In-
- 24 surance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996. Such
- 25 Secretaries may promulgate any interim final rules as the

1	Secretaries determine are appropriate to carry out this
2	title.
3	SEC. 156. INCORPORATION INTO PLAN OR COVERAGE DOC-
4	UMENTS.
5	The requirements of this title with respect to a group
6	health plan or health insurance coverage are deemed to
7	be incorporated into, and made a part of, such plan or
8	the policy, certificate, or contract providing such coverage
9	and are enforceable under law as if directly included in
10	the documentation of such plan or such policy, certificate,
11	or contract.
12	TITLE II—APPLICATION OF
13	QUALITY CARE STANDARDS
14	TO GROUP HEALTH PLANS
15	AND HEALTH INSURANCE
16	COVERAGE UNDER THE PUB-
17	LIC HEALTH SERVICE ACT
18	SEC. 201. APPLICATION TO GROUP HEALTH PLANS AND
19	GROUP HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE.
20	(a) In General.—Subpart 2 of part A of title
21	XXVII of the Public Health Service Act is amended by
22	adding at the end the following new section:
23	"SEC. 2707. PATIENT PROTECTION STANDARDS.
24	"Each group health plan shall comply with patient

25 protection requirements under title I of the Bipartisan Pa-

- 1 tient Protection Act of 2001, and each health insurance
- 2 issuer shall comply with patient protection requirements
- 3 under such title with respect to group health insurance
- 4 coverage it offers, and such requirements shall be deemed
- 5 to be incorporated into this subsection.".
- 6 (b) Conforming Amendment.—Section
- 7 2721(b)(2)(A) of such Act (42 U.S.C. 300gg–21(b)(2)(A))
- 8 is amended by inserting "(other than section 2707)" after
- 9 "requirements of such subparts".
- 10 SEC. 202. APPLICATION TO INDIVIDUAL HEALTH INSUR-
- 11 ANCE COVERAGE.
- Part B of title XXVII of the Public Health Service
- 13 Act is amended by inserting after section 2752 the fol-
- 14 lowing new section:
- 15 "SEC. 2753. PATIENT PROTECTION STANDARDS.
- 16 "Each health insurance issuer shall comply with pa-
- 17 tient protection requirements under title I of the Bipar-
- 18 tisan Patient Protection Act of 2001 with respect to indi-
- 19 vidual health insurance coverage it offers, and such re-
- 20 quirements shall be deemed to be incorporated into this
- 21 subsection.".

1	TITLE III—AMENDMENTS TO
2	THE EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT
3	INCOME SECURITY ACT OF
4	1974
5	SEC. 301. APPLICATION OF PATIENT PROTECTION STAND-
6	ARDS TO GROUP HEALTH PLANS AND GROUP
7	HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE UNDER THE
8	EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT INCOME SECURITY
9	ACT OF 1974.
10	Subpart B of part 7 of subtitle B of title I of the
11	Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 is
12	amended by adding at the end the following new section:
13	"SEC. 714. PATIENT PROTECTION STANDARDS.
14	"(a) In General.—Subject to subsection (b), a
15	group health plan (and a health insurance issuer offering
16	group health insurance coverage in connection with such
17	a plan) shall comply with the requirements of title I of
18	the Bipartisan Patient Protection Act of 2001 (as in effect
19	as of the date of the enactment of such Act), and such
20	requirements shall be deemed to be incorporated into this
21	subsection.
22	"(b) Plan Satisfaction of Certain Require-
23	MENTS.—
24	"(1) Satisfaction of Certain Require-
25	MENTS THROUGH INSURANCE.—For purposes of

1	subsection (a), insofar as a group health plan pro-
2	vides benefits in the form of health insurance cov-
3	erage through a health insurance issuer, the plan
4	shall be treated as meeting the following require-
5	ments of title I of the Bipartisan Patient Protection
6	Act of 2001 with respect to such benefits and not
7	be considered as failing to meet such requirements
8	because of a failure of the issuer to meet such re-
9	quirements so long as the plan sponsor or its rep-
10	resentatives did not cause such failure by the issuer:
11	"(A) Section 111 (relating to consumer
12	choice option).
13	"(B) Section 112 (relating to choice of
14	health care professional).
15	"(C) Section 113 (relating to access to
16	emergency care).
17	"(D) Section 114 (relating to timely access
18	to specialists).
19	"(E) Section 115 (relating to patient ac-
20	cess to obstetrical and gynecological care).
21	"(F) Section 116 (relating to access to pe-
22	diatric care).
23	"(G) Section 117 (relating to continuity of
24	care), but only insofar as a replacement issuer
25	assumes the obligation for continuity of care.

1	"(H) Section 118 (relation	ng to	access	to
2	needed prescription drugs).			

- "(I) Section 119 (relating to coverage for individuals participating in approved clinical trials).
- "(J) Section 120 (relating to required coverage for minimum hospital stay for mastectomies and lymph node dissections for the treatment of breast cancer and coverage for secondary consultations).
- "(K) Section 134 (relating to payment of claims).

"(2) Information.—With respect to information required to be provided or made available under section 121 of the Bipartisan Patient Protection Act of 2001, in the case of a group health plan that provides benefits in the form of health insurance coverage through a health insurance issuer, the Secretary shall determine the circumstances under which the plan is not required to provide or make available the information (and is not liable for the issuer's failure to provide or make available the information), if the issuer is obligated to provide and make available (or provides and makes available) such information.

"(3) INTERNAL APPEALS.—With respect to the internal appeals process required to be established under section 103 of such Act, in the case of a group health plan that provides benefits in the form of health insurance coverage through a health insurance issuer, the Secretary shall determine the circumstances under which the plan is not required to provide for such process and system (and is not liable for the issuer's failure to provide for such process and system), if the issuer is obligated to provide for (and provides for) such process and system.

- "(4) EXTERNAL APPEALS.—Pursuant to rules of the Secretary, insofar as a group health plan enters into a contract with a qualified external appeal entity for the conduct of external appeal activities in accordance with section 104 of such Act, the plan shall be treated as meeting the requirement of such section and is not liable for the entity's failure to meet any requirements under such section.
- "(5) APPLICATION TO PROHIBITIONS.—Pursuant to rules of the Secretary, if a health insurance issuer offers health insurance coverage in connection with a group health plan and takes an action in violation of any of the following sections of the Bipartisan Patient Protection Act of 2001, the group

1	health plan shall not be liable for such violation un-
2	less the plan caused such violation:
3	"(A) Section 131 (relating to prohibition of
4	interference with certain medical communica-
5	tions).
6	"(B) Section 132 (relating to prohibition
7	of discrimination against providers based on li-
8	censure).
9	"(C) Section 133 (relating to prohibition
10	against improper incentive arrangements).
11	"(D) Section 135 (relating to protection
12	for patient advocacy).
13	"(6) Construction.—Nothing in this sub-
14	section shall be construed to affect or modify the re-
15	sponsibilities of the fiduciaries of a group health
16	plan under part 4 of subtitle B.
17	"(7) Treatment of substantially equiva-
18	LENT STATE LAWS.—For purposes of applying this
19	subsection, any reference in this subsection to a re-
20	quirement in a section or other provision in the Bi-
21	partisan Patient Protection Act of 2001 with respect
22	to a health insurance issuer is deemed to include a
23	reference to a requirement under a State law that is
24	substantially equivalent (as determined under section

- 1 152(c) of such Act) to the requirement in such sec-2 tion or other provisions.
- "(8) APPLICATION TO CERTAIN PROHIBITIONS

 4 AGAINST RETALIATION.—With respect to compliance

 5 with the requirements of section 135(b)(1) of the Bi
 6 partisan Patient Protection Act of 2001, for pur
 7 poses of this subtitle the term 'group health plan' is

 8 deemed to include a reference to an institutional

 9 health care provider.
 - "(c) Enforcement of Certain Requirements.—
 - "(1) Complaints.—Any protected health care professional who believes that the professional has been retaliated or discriminated against in violation of section 135(b)(1) of the Bipartisan Patient Protection Act of 2001 may file with the Secretary a complaint within 180 days of the date of the alleged retaliation or discrimination.
 - "(2) INVESTIGATION.—The Secretary shall investigate such complaints and shall determine if a violation of such section has occurred and, if so, shall issue an order to ensure that the protected health care professional does not suffer any loss of position, pay, or benefits in relation to the plan, issuer, or provider involved, as a result of the violation found by the Secretary.

- 1 "(d) Conforming Regulations.—The Secretary
- 2 shall issue regulations to coordinate the requirements on
- 3 group health plans and health insurance issuers under this
- 4 section with the requirements imposed under the other
- 5 provisions of this title. In order to reduce duplication and
- 6 clarify the rights of participants and beneficiaries with re-
- 7 spect to information that is required to be provided, such
- 8 regulations shall coordinate the information disclosure re-
- 9 quirements under section 121 of the Bipartisan Patient
- 10 Protection Act of 2001 with the reporting and disclosure
- 11 requirements imposed under part 1, so long as such co-
- 12 ordination does not result in any reduction in the informa-
- 13 tion that would otherwise be provided to participants and
- 14 beneficiaries.".
- 15 (b) Satisfaction of ERISA Claims Procedure
- 16 REQUIREMENT.—Section 503 of such Act (29 U.S.C.
- 17 1133) is amended by inserting "(a)" after "Sec. 503."
- 18 and by adding at the end the following new subsection:
- 19 "(b) In the case of a group health plan (as defined
- 20 in section 733) compliance with the requirements of sub-
- 21 title A of title I of the Bipartisan Patient Protection Act
- 22 of 2001, and compliance with regulations promulgated by
- 23 the Secretary, in the case of a claims denial shall be
- 24 deemed compliance with subsection (a) with respect to
- 25 such claims denial.".

1	(c) Conforming Amendments.—(1) Section 732(a)
2	of such Act (29 U.S.C. 1185(a)) is amended by striking
3	"section 711" and inserting "sections 711 and 714".
4	(2) The table of contents in section 1 of such Act
5	is amended by inserting after the item relating to section
6	713 the following new item:
	"Sec. 714. Patient protection standards.".
7	(3) Section 502(b)(3) of such Act (29 U.S.C.
8	1132(b)(3)) is amended by inserting "(other than section
9	135(b))" after "part 7".
10	SEC. 302. AVAILABILITY OF CIVIL REMEDIES.
11	(a) Availability of Federal Civil Remedies in
12	CASES NOT INVOLVING MEDICALLY REVIEWABLE DECI-
13	SIONS.—
14	(1) In General.—Section 502 of the Employee
15	Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C.
16	1132) is amended by adding at the end the following
17	new subsection:
18	
	"(n) Cause of Action Relating to Provision of
19	"(n) Cause of Action Relating to Provision of Health Benefits.—
19 20	
	Health Benefits.—
20	Health Benefits.— "(1) In general.—In any case in which—
20 21	Health Benefits.— "(1) In general.—In any case in which— "(A) a person who is a fiduciary of a
20 21 22	Health Benefits.— "(1) In general.—In any case in which— "(A) a person who is a fiduciary of a group health plan, a health insurance issuer of-

1	"(i) upon consideration of a claim for
2	benefits of a participant or beneficiary
3	under section 102 of the Bipartisan Pa-
4	tient Protection Act of 2001 (relating to
5	procedures for initial claims for benefits
6	and prior authorization determinations) or
7	upon review of a denial of such a claim
8	under section 103 of such Act (relating to
9	internal appeal of a denial of a claim for
10	benefits), fails to exercise ordinary care in
11	making a decision—
12	"(I) regarding whether an item
13	or service is covered under the terms
14	and conditions of the plan or cov-
15	erage,
16	"(II) regarding whether an indi-
17	vidual is a participant or beneficiary
18	who is enrolled under the terms and
19	conditions of the plan or coverage (in-
20	cluding the applicability of any wait-
21	ing period under the plan or cov-
22	erage), or
23	"(III) as to the application of
24	cost-sharing requirements or the ap-
25	plication of a specific exclusion or ex-

1	press limitation on the amount, dura-
2	tion, or scope of coverage of items or
3	services under the terms and condi-
4	tions of the plan or coverage, or
5	"(ii) otherwise fails to exercise ordi-
6	nary care in the performance of a duty
7	under the terms and conditions of the plan
8	with respect to a participant or beneficiary,
9	and
10	"(B) such failure is a proximate cause of
11	personal injury to, or the death of, the partici-
12	pant or beneficiary,
13	such person shall be liable to the participant or ben-
14	eficiary (or the estate of such participant or bene-
15	ficiary) for economic and noneconomic damages (but
16	not exemplary or punitive damages) in connection
17	with such personal injury or death.
18	"(2) Cause of action must not involve
19	MEDICALLY REVIEWABLE DECISION.—
20	"(A) In general.—A cause of action is
21	established under paragraph (1)(A) only if the
22	decision referred to in clause (i) or the failure
23	described in clause (ii) does not include a medi-
24	cally reviewable decision.

1	"(B) Medically reviewable deci-
2	SION.—For purposes of subparagraph (A), the
3	term 'medically reviewable decision' means a de-
4	nial of a claim for benefits under the plan
5	which is described in section 104(d)(2) of the
6	Bipartisan Patient Protection Act of 2001 (re-
7	lating to medically reviewable decisions).
8	"(3) Definitions.—For purposes of this sub-
9	section.—
10	"(A) Ordinary care.—The term 'ordi-
11	nary care' means—
12	"(i) with respect to a determination
13	on a claim for benefits, that degree of care,
14	skill, and diligence that a reasonable and
15	prudent individual would exercise in mak-
16	ing a fair determination on a claim for
17	benefits of like kind to the claim involved;
18	and
19	"(ii) with respect to the performance
20	of a duty, that degree of care, skill, and
21	diligence that a reasonable and prudent in-
22	dividual would exercise in performing the
23	duty or a duty of like character.
24	"(B) Personal injury.—The term 'per-
25	sonal injury' means a physical injury and in-

1	cludes an injury arising out of the treatment
2	(or failure to treat) a mental illness or disease.
3	"(C) CLAIM FOR BENEFITS; DENIAL.—The
4	terms 'claim for benefits' and 'denial of a claim
5	for benefits' have the meanings provided such
6	terms in section 102(e) of the Bipartisan Pa-
7	tient Protection Act of 2001.
8	"(D) TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—The term
9	'terms and conditions' includes, with respect to
10	a group health plan or health insurance cov-
11	erage, requirements imposed under title I of the
12	Bipartisan Patient Protection Act of 2001 or
13	under part 6 or 7.
14	"(E) Group health plan and other
15	RELATED TERMS.—The provisions of sections
16	732(d) and 733 apply for purposes of this sub-
17	section in the same manner as they apply for
18	purposes of part 7, except that the term 'group
19	health plan' includes a group health plan (as
20	defined in section $607(1)$).
21	"(4) Exclusion of employers and other
22	PLAN SPONSORS.—
23	"(A) Causes of action against em-
24	PLOYERS AND PLAN SPONSORS PRECLUDED.—
25	Subject to subparagraph (B), paragraph (1)(A)

1 does not authorize a cause of action against an 2 employer or other plan sponsor maintaining the 3 plan (or against an employee of such an em-4 ployer or sponsor acting within the scope of em-5 ployment). 6 "(B) CERTAIN CAUSES OF ACTION PER-7 MITTED.—Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), 8 a cause of action may arise against an employer 9 or other plan sponsor (or against an employee 10 of such an employer or sponsor acting within 11 the scope of employment)— 12 "(i) under clause (i) of paragraph 13 (1)(A), to the extent there was direct par-14 ticipation by the employer or other plan 15 sponsor (or employee) in the decision of 16 the plan under section 102 of the Bipar-17 tisan Patient Protection Act of 2001 upon 18 consideration of a claim for benefits or 19 under section 103 of such Act upon review 20 of a denial of a claim for benefits, or 21 "(ii) under clause (ii) of paragraph 22 (1)(A), to the extent there was direct par-23 ticipation by the employer or other plan 24 sponsor (or employee) in the failure de-

scribed in such clause.

"(\mathbf{C}	DIRECT	PARTICIPATION.—
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"(i) DIRECT PARTICIPATION IN DECISIONS.—For purposes of subparagraph
(B), the term 'direct participation' means,
in connection with a decision described in
clause (i) of paragraph (1)(A) or a failure
described in clause (ii) of such paragraph,
the actual making of such decision or the
actual exercise of control in making such
decision or in the conduct constituting the
failure.

"(ii) Rules of construction.—For purposes of clause (i), the employer or plan sponsor (or employee) shall not be construed to be engaged in direct participation because of any form of decisionmaking or other conduct that is merely collateral or precedent to the decision described in clause (i) of paragraph (1)(A) on a particular claim for benefits of a participant or beneficiary or that is merely collateral or precedent to the conduct constituting a failure described in clause (ii) of paragraph (1)(A) with respect to a particular partici-

1	pant or beneficiary, including (but not lim-
2	ited to)—
3	"(I) any participation by the em-
4	ployer or other plan sponsor (or em-
5	ployee) in the selection of the group
6	health plan or health insurance cov-
7	erage involved or the third party ad-
8	ministrator or other agent;
9	"(II) any engagement by the em-
10	ployer or other plan sponsor (or em-
11	ployee) in any cost-benefit analysis
12	undertaken in connection with the se-
13	lection of, or continued maintenance
14	of, the plan or coverage involved;
15	"(III) any participation by the
16	employer or other plan sponsor (or
17	employee) in the process of creating,
18	continuing, modifying, or terminating
19	the plan or any benefit under the
20	plan, if such process was not substan-
21	tially focused solely on the particular
22	situation of the participant or bene-
23	ficiary referred to in paragraph
24	(1)(A); and

1	"(IV) any participation by the
2	employer or other plan sponsor (or
3	employee) in the design of any benefit
4	under the plan, including the amount
5	of copayment and limits connected
6	with such benefit.
7	"(iv) Irrelevance of Certain Col-
8	LATERAL EFFORTS MADE BY EMPLOYER
9	OR PLAN SPONSOR.—For purposes of this
10	subparagraph, an employer or plan sponsor
11	shall not be treated as engaged in direct
12	participation in a decision with respect to
13	any claim for benefits or denial thereof in
14	the case of any particular participant or
15	beneficiary solely by reason of—
16	"(I) any efforts that may have
17	been made by the employer or plan
18	sponsor to advocate for authorization
19	of coverage for that or any other par-
20	ticipant or beneficiary (or any group
21	of participants or beneficiaries), or
22	"(II) any provision that may
23	have been made by the employer or
24	plan sponsor for benefits which are
25	not covered under the terms and con-

ditions of the plan for that or any
other participant or beneficiary (or
any group of participants or beneficiaries).

"(5) REQUIREMENT OF EXHAUSTION.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in this paragraph, a cause of action may not be brought under paragraph (1) in connection with any denial of a claim for benefits of any individual until all administrative processes under sections 102 and 103 of the Bipartisan Patient Protection Act of 2001 (if applicable) have been exhausted.

"(B) Late Manifestation of injury.—
The requirements under subparagraph (A) for a cause of action in connection with any denial of a claim for benefits shall be deemed satisfied, notwithstanding any failure to timely commence review under section 103 with respect to the denial, if the personal injury is first known (or first reasonably should have been known) to the individual (or the death occurs) after the latest date by which the applicable requirements of subparagraph (A) can be met in connection with such denial.

1	"(C) Occurrence of immediate and ir-
2	REPARABLE HARM OR DEATH PRIOR TO COM-
3	PLETION OF PROCESS.—
4	"(i) In general.—The requirements
5	of subparagraph (A) shall not apply if the
6	action involves an allegation that imme-
7	diate and irreparable harm or death was,
8	or would be, caused by the denial of a
9	claim for benefits prior to the completion
10	of the administrative processes referred to
11	in subparagraph (A) with respect to such
12	denial.
13	"(ii) Construction.—Nothing in
14	clause (i) shall be construed to preclude—
15	"(I) continuation of such proc-
16	esses to their conclusion if so moved
17	by any party, and
18	"(II) consideration in such action
19	of the final decisions issued in such
20	processes.
21	"(iii) Definition.—In clause (i), the
22	term 'irreparable harm', with respect to an
23	individual, means an injury or condition
24	that, regardless of whether the individual
25	receives the treatment that is the subject

1	of the denial, cannot be repaired in a man-
2	ner that would restore the individual to the
3	individual's pre-injured condition.
4	"(D) RECEIPT OF BENEFITS DURING AP-
5	PEALS PROCESS.—Receipt by the participant or
6	beneficiary of the benefits involved in the claim
7	for benefits during the pendency of any admin-
8	istrative processes referred to in subparagraph
9	(A) or of any action commenced under this
10	subsection—
11	"(i) shall not preclude continuation of
12	all such administrative processes to their
13	conclusion if so moved by any party, and
14	"(ii) shall not preclude any liability
15	under subsection (a)(1)(C) and this sub-
16	section in connection with such claim.
17	The court in any action commenced under this
18	subsection shall take into account any receipt of
19	benefits during such administrative processes or
20	such action in determining the amount of the
21	damages awarded.
22	"(6) Statutory damages.—
23	"(A) In General.—The remedies set
24	forth in this subsection (n) shall be the exclu-

1	sive remedies for causes of action brought
2	under this subsection.
3	"(B) Assessment of civil penalties.—
4	In addition to the remedies provided for in
5	paragraph (1) (relating to the failure to provide
6	contract benefits in accordance with the plan)
7	a civil assessment, in an amount not to exceed
8	\$5,000,000, payable to the claimant may be
9	awarded in any action under such paragraph is
10	the claimant establishes by clear and convincing
11	evidence that the alleged conduct carried out by
12	the defendant demonstrated bad faith and fla-
13	grant disregard for the rights of the participant
14	or beneficiary under the plan and was a proxi-
15	mate cause of the personal injury or death that
16	is the subject of the claim.
17	"(7) Limitation of action.—Paragraph (1)
18	shall not apply in connection with any action com-
19	menced after 3 years after the later of—
20	"(A) the date on which the plaintiff first
21	knew, or reasonably should have known, of the
22	personal injury or death resulting from the fail-
23	ure described in paragraph (1), or
24	"(B) the date as of which the requirements
25	of paragraph (5) are first met.

1	"(8) Tolling Provision.—The statute of limi-
2	tations for any cause of action arising under State
3	law relating to a denial of a claim for benefits that
4	is the subject of an action brought in Federal court
5	under this subsection shall be tolled until such time
6	as the Federal court makes a final disposition, in-
7	cluding all appeals, of whether such claim should
8	properly be within the jurisdiction of the Federal
9	court. The tolling period shall be determined by the
10	applicable Federal or State law, whichever period is
11	greater.
12	"(9) Purchase of insurance to cover li-
13	ABILITY.—Nothing in section 410 shall be construed
14	to preclude the purchase by a group health plan of
15	insurance to cover any liability or losses arising
16	under a cause of action under subsection (a)(1)(C)
17	and this subsection.
18	"(10) Exclusion of directed record-
19	KEEPERS.—
20	"(A) In General.—Subject to subpara-
21	graph (C), paragraph (1) shall not apply with
22	respect to a directed recordkeeper in connection
23	with a group health plan.

"(B)

DIRECTED RECORDKEEPER.—For

purposes of this paragraph, the term 'directed

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recordkeeper' means, in connection with a group health plan, a person engaged in directed recordkeeping activities pursuant to the specific instructions of the plan or the employer or other plan sponsor, including the distribution of enrollment information and distribution of disclosure materials under this Act or title I of the Bipartisan Patient Protection Act of 2001 and whose duties do not include making decisions on claims for benefits.

- "(C) Limitation.—Subparagraph (A) does not apply in connection with any directed recordkeeper to the extent that the directed recordkeeper fails to follow the specific instruction of the plan or the employer or other plan sponsor.
- "(11) No effect on state law.—No provision of State law (as defined in section 514(c)(1)) shall be treated as superseded or otherwise altered, amended, modified, invalidated, or impaired by reason of the provisions of subsection (a)(1)(C) and this subsection.".
- 23 (2) Conforming Amendment.—Section 24 502(a)(1) of such Act (29 U.S.C. 1132(a)(1)) is 25 amended—

1	(A) by striking "or" at the end of subpara-
2	graph (A);
3	(B) in subparagraph (B), by striking
4	"plan;" and inserting "plan, or"; and
5	(C) by adding at the end the following new
6	subparagraph:
7	"(C) for the relief provided for in sub-
8	section (n) of this section.".
9	(b) Rules Relating to ERISA Preemption.—
10	Section 514 of the Employee Retirement Income Security
11	Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1144) is amended—
12	(1) by redesignating subsection (d) as sub-
13	section (f); and
14	(2) by inserting after subsection (c) the fol-
15	lowing new subsections:
16	"(d) Preemption Not To Apply to Causes of
17	ACTION UNDER STATE LAW INVOLVING MEDICALLY RE-
18	VIEWABLE DECISION.—
19	"(1) Non-preemption of certain causes of
20	ACTION.—
21	"(A) In general.—Except as provided in
22	this subsection, nothing in this title (including
23	section 502) shall be construed to supersede or
24	otherwise alter, amend, modify, invalidate, or
25	impair any cause of action under State law of

a participant or beneficiary under a group health plan (or the estate of such a participant or beneficiary) to recover damages resulting from personal injury or for wrongful death against any person if such cause of action arises by reason of a medically reviewable decision.

- "(B) MEDICALLY REVIEWABLE DECI-SION.—For purposes of subparagraph (A), the term 'medically reviewable decision' means a denial of a claim for benefits under the plan which is described in section 104(d)(2) of the Bipartisan Patient Protection Act of 2001 (relating to medically reviewable decisions).
- "(C) Limitation on punitive damages.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in clauses (ii) and (iii), with respect to a cause of action described in subparagraph (A) brought with respect to a participant or beneficiary, State law is superseded insofar as it provides any punitive, exemplary, or similar damages if, as of the time of the personal injury or death, all the requirements of the following sections

1	of the Bipartisan Patient Protection Act of
2	2001 were satisfied with respect to the
3	participant or beneficiary:
4	"(I) Section 102 (relating to pro-
5	cedures for initial claims for benefits
6	and prior authorization determina-
7	tions).
8	"(II) Section 103 of such Act
9	(relating to internal appeals of claims
10	denials).
11	"(III) Section 104 of such Act
12	(relating to independent external ap-
13	peals procedures).
14	"(ii) Exception for certain ac-
15	TIONS FOR WRONGFUL DEATH.—Clause (i)
16	shall not apply with respect to an action
17	for wrongful death if the applicable State
18	law provides (or has been construed to pro-
19	vide) for damages in such an action which
20	are only punitive or exemplary in nature.
21	"(iii) Exception for willful or
22	WANTON DISREGARD FOR THE RIGHTS OR
23	SAFETY OF OTHERS.—Clause (i) shall not
24	apply with respect to any cause of action
25	described in subparagraph (A) if, in such

1	action, the plaintiff establishes by clear
2	and convincing evidence that conduct car-
3	ried out by the defendant with willful or
4	wanton disregard for the rights or safety
5	of others was a proximate cause of the per-
6	sonal injury or wrongful death that is the
7	subject of the action.
8	"(2) Definitions.—For purposes of this sub-
9	section and subsection (e)—
10	"(A) Group Health Plan and other
11	RELATED TERMS.—The provisions of sections
12	732(d) and 733 apply for purposes of this sub-
13	section in the same manner as they apply for
14	purposes of part 7, except that the term 'group
15	health plan' includes a group health plan (as
16	defined in section $607(1)$).
17	"(B) Personal injury.—The term 'per-
18	sonal injury' means a physical injury and in-
19	cludes an injury arising out of the treatment
20	(or failure to treat) a mental illness or disease.
21	"(C) CLAIM FOR BENEFIT; DENIAL.—The
22	terms 'claim for benefits' and 'denial of a claim
23	for benefits' shall have the meaning provided
24	such terms under section 102(e) of the Bipar-
25	tisan Patient Protection Act of 2001.

1	"(3) Exclusion of employers and other
2	PLAN SPONSORS.—
3	"(A) Causes of action against em-
4	PLOYERS AND PLAN SPONSORS PRECLUDED.—
5	Subject to subparagraph (B), paragraph (1)
6	does not apply with respect to—
7	"(i) any cause of action against an
8	employer or other plan sponsor maintain-
9	ing the plan (or against an employee of
10	such an employer or sponsor acting within
11	the scope of employment), or
12	"(ii) a right of recovery, indemnity, or
13	contribution by a person against an em-
14	ployer or other plan sponsor (or such an
15	employee) for damages assessed against
16	the person pursuant to a cause of action to
17	which paragraph (1) applies.
18	"(B) CERTAIN CAUSES OF ACTION PER-
19	MITTED.—Notwithstanding subparagraph (A),
20	paragraph (1) applies with respect to any cause
21	of action described in paragraph (1) maintained
22	by a participant or beneficiary against an em-
23	ployer or other plan sponsor (or against an em-
24	ployee of such an employer or sponsor acting
25	within the scope of employment)—

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1	"(i) in the case of any cause of action
2	based on a decision of the plan under sec-
3	tion 102 of the Bipartisan Patient Protec-
4	tion Act of 2001 upon consideration of a
5	claim for benefits or under section 103 of
6	such Act upon review of a denial of a claim
7	for benefits, to the extent there was direct
8	participation by the employer or other plan
9	sponsor (or employee) in the decision, or
10	"(ii) in the case of any cause of action
11	based on a failure to otherwise perform a
12	duty under the terms and conditions of the
13	plan with respect to a claim for benefits of
14	a participant or beneficiary, to the extent
15	there was direct participation by the em-
16	ployer or other plan sponsor (or employee)
17	in the failure.
18	"(C) Direct participation.—

f(C) Direct participation.—

"(i) DIRECT PARTICIPATION IN DECI-SIONS.—For purposes of subparagraph (B), the term 'direct participation' means, in connection with a decision described in subparagraph (B)(i) or a failure described in subparagraph (B)(ii), the actual making of such decision or the actual exercise of

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1	control in making such decision or in the
2	conduct constituting the failure.
3	"(ii) Rules of construction.—For
4	purposes of clause (i), the employer or plan
5	sponsor (or employee) shall not be con-
6	strued to be engaged in direct participation
7	because of any form of decisionmaking or
8	other conduct that is merely collateral or
9	precedent to the decision described in sub-
10	paragraph (B)(i) on a particular claim for
11	benefits of a particular participant or bene-
12	ficiary or that is merely collateral or prece-
13	dent to the conduct constituting a failure
14	described in subparagraph (B)(ii) with re-
15	spect to a particular participant or bene-
16	ficiary, including (but not limited to)—
17	"(I) any participation by the em-
18	ployer or other plan sponsor (or em-
19	ployee) in the selection of the group
20	health plan or health insurance cov-
21	erage involved or the third party ad-
22	ministrator or other agent;
23	"(II) any engagement by the em-
24	ployer or other plan sponsor (or em-
25	ployee) in any cost-benefit analysis

1	undertaken in connection with the se-
2	lection of, or continued maintenance
3	of, the plan or coverage involved;
4	"(III) any participation by the
5	employer or other plan sponsor (or
6	employee) in the process of creating,
7	continuing, modifying, or terminating
8	the plan or any benefit under the
9	plan, if such process was not substan-
10	tially focused solely on the particular
11	situation of the participant or bene-
12	ficiary referred to in paragraph
13	(1)(A); and
14	"(IV) any participation by the
15	employer or other plan sponsor (or
16	employee) in the design of any benefit
17	under the plan, including the amount
18	of copayment and limits connected
19	with such benefit.
20	"(iv) Irrelevance of Certain Col-
21	LATERAL EFFORTS MADE BY EMPLOYER
22	OR PLAN SPONSOR.—For purposes of this
23	subparagraph, an employer or plan sponsor
24	shall not be treated as engaged in direct
25	participation in a decision with respect to

1	any claim for benefits or denial thereof in
2	the case of any particular participant or
3	beneficiary solely by reason of—
4	"(I) any efforts that may have
5	been made by the employer or plan
6	sponsor to advocate for authorization
7	of coverage for that or any other par-
8	ticipant or beneficiary (or any group
9	of participants or beneficiaries), or
10	"(II) any provision that may
11	have been made by the employer or
12	plan sponsor for benefits which are
13	not covered under the terms and con-
14	ditions of the plan for that or any
15	other participant or beneficiary (or
16	any group of participants or bene-
17	ficiaries).
18	"(4) Requirement of Exhaustion.—
19	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
20	this paragraph, paragraph (1) shall not apply
21	with respect to a cause of action described in
22	such paragraph in connection with any denial of
23	a claim for benefits of any individual until all
24	administrative processes under sections 102,
25	103, and 104 of the Bipartisan Patient Protec-

	tion Act of 2001 (if applicable) have been ex-
2	hausted.

"(B) Late Manifestation of injury.—
The requirements under subparagraph (A) for a cause of action in connection with any denial of a claim for benefits shall be deemed satisfied, notwithstanding any failure to timely commence review under section 103 or 104 with respect to the denial, if the personal injury is first known (or first should have been known) to the individual (or the death occurs) after the latest date by which the applicable requirements of subparagraph (A) can be met in connection with such denial.

"(C) OCCURRENCE OF IMMEDIATE AN IR-REPARABLE HARM OR DEATH PRIOR TO COM-PLETION OF PROCESS.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—The requirements of subparagraph (A) shall not apply if the action involves an allegation that immediate and irreparable harm or death was, or would be, caused by the denial of a claim for benefits prior to the completion of the administrative processes referred to

1	in subparagraph (A) with respect to such
2	denial.
3	"(ii) Construction.—Nothing in
4	clause (i) shall be construed to preclude—
5	"(I) continuation of such proc-
6	esses to their conclusion if so moved
7	by any party, and
8	"(II) consideration in such action
9	of the final decisions issued in such
10	processes.
11	"(iii) Definition.—In clause (i), the
12	term 'irreparable harm', with respect to an
13	individual, means an injury or condition
14	that, regardless of whether the individual
15	receives the treatment that is the subject
16	of the denial, cannot be repaired in a man-
17	ner that would restore the individual to the
18	individual's pre-injured condition.
19	"(D) Receipt of benefits during ap-
20	PEALS PROCESS.—Receipt by the participant or
21	beneficiary of the benefits involved in the claim
22	for benefits during the pendency of any admin-
23	istrative processes referred to in subparagraph
24	(A) or of any action commenced under this
25	subsection—

1	"(i) shall not preclude continuation of
2	all such administrative processes to their
3	conclusion if so moved by any party, and
4	"(ii) shall not preclude any liability
5	under subsection (a)(1)(C) and this sub-
6	section in connection with such claim.
7	"(5) Tolling Provision.—The statute of limi-
8	tations for any cause of action arising under section
9	502(n) relating to a denial of a claim for benefits
10	that is the subject of an action brought in State
11	court shall be tolled until such time as the State
12	court makes a final disposition, including all ap-
13	peals, of whether such claim should properly be
14	within the jurisdiction of the State court. The tolling
15	period shall be determined by the applicable Federal
16	or State law, whichever period is greater.
17	"(6) Exclusion of directed record-
18	KEEPERS.—
19	"(A) In General.—Subject to subpara-
20	graph (C), paragraph (1) shall not apply with
21	respect to a directed recordkeeper in connection
22	with a group health plan.
23	"(B) DIRECTED RECORDKEEPER.—For
24	purposes of this paragraph, the term 'directed
25	recordkeeper' means, in connection with a

1	group health plan, a person engaged in directed
2	recordkeeping activities pursuant to the specific
3	instructions of the plan or the employer or
4	other plan sponsor, including the distribution of
5	enrollment information and distribution of dis-
6	closure materials under this Act or title I of the
7	Bipartisan Patient Protection Act of 2001 and
8	whose duties do not include making decisions
9	on claims for benefits.
10	"(C) LIMITATION.—Subparagraph (A)
11	does not apply in connection with any directed
12	recordkeeper to the extent that the directed rec-
13	ordkeeper fails to follow the specific instruction
14	of the plan or the employer or other plan spon-
15	sor.
16	"(7) Construction.—Nothing in this sub-
17	section shall be construed as—
18	"(A) saving from preemption a cause of
19	action under State law for the failure to provide
20	a benefit for an item or service which is specifi-
21	cally excluded under the group health plan in-
22	volved, except to the extent that—
23	"(i) the application or interpretation
24	of the exclusion involves a determination
25	described in section $104(d)(2)$ of the Bi-

1	partisan Patient Protection Act of 2001,
2	or
3	"(ii) the provision of the benefit for
4	the item or service is required under Fed-
5	eral law or under applicable State law con-
6	sistent with subsection (b)(2)(B);
7	"(B) preempting a State law which re-
8	quires an affidavit or certificate of merit in a
9	civil action;
10	"(C) affecting a cause of action or remedy
11	under State law in connection with the provi-
12	sion or arrangement of excepted benefits (as de-
13	fined in section 733(c)), other than those de-
14	scribed in section 733(c)(2)(A); or
15	"(D) affecting a cause of action under
16	State law other than a cause of action described
17	in paragraph (1)(A).
18	"(8) Purchase of insurance to cover li-
19	ABILITY.—Nothing in section 410 shall be construed
20	to preclude the purchase by a group health plan of
21	insurance to cover any liability or losses arising
22	under a cause of action described in paragraph
23	(1)(A).

1	"(e) Rules of Construction Relating to
2	HEALTH CARE.—Nothing in this title shall be construed
3	as—
4	"(1) affecting any State law relating to the
5	practice of medicine or the provision of medical care,
6	or affecting any action based upon such a State law,
7	"(2) superseding any State law permitted under
8	section 152(b)(1)(A) of the Bipartisan Patient Pro-
9	tection Act of 2001, or
10	"(3) affecting any applicable State law with re-
11	spect to limitations on monetary damages.".
12	(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
13	this section shall apply to acts and omissions (from which
14	a cause of action arises) occurring on or after the date
15	of the enactment of this Act.
16	SEC. 303. LIMITATIONS ON ACTIONS.
17	Section 502 of the Employee Retirement Income Se-
18	curity Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1132) (as amended by sec-
19	tion 302(a)) is amended further by adding at the end the
20	following new subsection:
21	"(o) Limitations on Actions Relating to Group
22	HEALTH PLANS.—
23	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para-
24	graph (2), no action may be brought under sub-
25	section (a)(1)(B), (a)(2), or (a)(3) by a participant

1	or beneficiary seeking relief based on the application
2	of any provision in section 101, subtitle B, or sub-
3	title D of title I of the Bipartisan Patient Protection
4	Act of 2001 (as incorporated under section 714).

- "(2) CERTAIN ACTIONS ALLOWABLE.—An action may be brought under subsection (a)(1)(B), (a)(2), or (a)(3) by a participant or beneficiary seeking relief based on the application of section 101, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118(a)(3), 119, or 120 of the Bipartisan Patient Protection Act of 2001 (as incorporated under section 714) to the individual circumstances of that participant or beneficiary, except that—
 - "(A) such an action may not be brought or maintained as a class action; and
 - "(B) in such an action, relief may only provide for the provision of (or payment of) benefits, items, or services denied to the individual participant or beneficiary involved (and for attorney's fees and the costs of the action, at the discretion of the court) and shall not provide for any other relief to the participant or beneficiary or for any relief to any other person.

1	"(3) Other provisions unaffected.—Noth-
2	ing in this subsection shall be construed as affecting
3	subsections (a)(1)(C) and (n) or section 514(d).
4	"(4) Enforcement by secretary unaf-
5	FECTED.—Nothing in this subsection shall be con-
6	strued as affecting any action brought by the Sec-
7	retary.".
8	TITLE IV—AMENDMENTS TO THE
9	INTERNAL REVENUE CODE
10	OF 1986
11	Subtitle A—Application of Patient
12	Protection Provisions
13	SEC. 401. APPLICATION TO GROUP HEALTH PLANS UNDER
14	THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1986.
15	Subchapter B of chapter 100 of the Internal Revenue
16	Code of 1986 is amended—
17	(1) in the table of sections, by inserting after
18	the item relating to section 9812 the following new
19	item:
	"See. 9813. Standard relating to patients' bill of rights.";
20	and
21	(2) by inserting after section 9812 the fol-
22	lowing:

1	"SEC. 9813. STANDARD RELATING TO PATIENTS' BILL OF
2	RIGHTS.
3	"A group health plan shall comply with the require-
4	ments of title I of the Bipartisan Patient Protection Act
5	of 2001 (as in effect as of the date of the enactment of
6	such Act), and such requirements shall be deemed to be
7	incorporated into this section.".
8	SEC. 402. CONFORMING ENFORCEMENT FOR WOMEN'S
9	HEALTH AND CANCER RIGHTS.
10	Subchapter B of chapter 100 of the Internal Revenue
11	Code of 1986, as amended by section 401, is further
12	amended—
13	(1) in the table of sections, by inserting after
14	the item relating to section 9813 the following new
15	item:
	"Sec. 9814. Standard relating to women's health and cancer rights.";
16	and
17	(2) by inserting after section 9813 the fol-
18	lowing:
19	"SEC. 9814. STANDARD RELATING TO WOMEN'S HEALTH
20	AND CANCER RIGHTS.
21	"The provisions of section 713 of the Employee Re-
22	tirement Income Security Act of 1974 (as in effect as of
23	the date of the enactment of this section) shall apply to
24	group health plans as if included in this subchapter.".

Subtitle B—Health Care Coverage Access Tax Incentives

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3	SEC. 411. EXPANDED AVAILABILITY OF ARCHER MSAS.
4	(a) Extension of Program.—Paragraphs (2) and
5	(3)(B) of section 220(i) of the Internal Revenue Code of
6	1986 (defining cut-off year) are each amended by striking
7	"2002" each place it appears and inserting "2004".
8	(b) Increase In Number of Permitted Account
9	Participants.—
10	(1) In general.—Subsection (j) of section 220
11	of such Code is amended by redesignating para-
12	graphs (3), (4), and (5) as paragraphs (4), (5), and
13	(6) and by inserting after paragraph (2) the fol-
14	lowing new paragraph:
15	"(3) Determination of whether limit ex-
16	CEEDED FOR YEARS AFTER 2001.—
17	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The numerical limita-
18	tion for any year after 2001 is exceeded if the
19	sum of—
20	"(i) the number of Archer MSA re-
21	turns filed on or before April 15 of such
22	calendar year for taxable years ending with
23	or within the preceding calendar year, plus
24	"(ii) the Secretary's estimate (deter-
25	mined on the basis of the returns described

1	in clause (i)) of the number of Archer
2	MSA returns for such taxable years which
3	will be filed after such date, exceeds
4	1,000,000. For purposes of the preceding
5	sentence, the term 'Archer MSA return'
6	means any return on which any exclusion
7	is claimed under section 106(b) or any de-
8	duction is claimed under this section.
9	"(B) ALTERNATIVE COMPUTATION OF LIM-
10	ITATION.—The numerical limitation for any
11	year after 2001 is also exceeded if the sum of—
12	"(i) 90 percent of the sum determined
13	under subparagraph (A) for such calendar
14	year, plus
15	"(ii) the product of 2.5 and the num-
16	ber of medical savings accounts established
17	during the portion of such year preceding
18	July 1 (based on the reports required
19	under paragraph (5)) for taxable years be-
20	ginning in such year,
21	exceeds 1,000,000".
22	(2) Conforming amendments.—
23	(A) Clause (ii) of section 220(j)(2)(B) of
24	such Code is amended by striking "paragraph
25	(4)" and inserting "paragraph (5)".

1	(B) Subparagraph (A) of section 220(j)(4)
2	of such Code is amended by striking "and
3	2001" and inserting "2001, 2002, and 2003".
4	(c) Increase in Size of Eligible Employers.—
5	Subparagraph (A) of section 220(c)(4) of such Code is
6	amended by striking "50 or fewer employees" and insert-
7	ing "100 or fewer employees".
8	(d) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
9	this section shall take effect on the date of the enactment
10	of this Act.
11	(e) GAO STUDY.—Not later than 1 year after the
12	date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General
13	of the United States shall prepare and submit a report
14	to the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of
15	Representatives and the Committee on Finance of the
16	Senate on the impact of Archer MSAs on the cost of con-
17	ventional insurance (especially in those areas where there
18	are higher numbers of such accounts) and on adverse se-
19	lection and health care costs.
20	SEC. 412. DEDUCTION FOR 100 PERCENT OF HEALTH IN-
21	SURANCE COSTS OF SELF-EMPLOYED INDI-
22	VIDUALS.
23	(a) In General.—Paragraph (1) of section 162(l)
24	of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended to read
25	as follows:

- 1 "(1) ALLOWANCE OF DEDUCTION.—In the case
- of an individual who is an employee within the
- meaning of section 401(c)(1), there shall be allowed
- as a deduction under this section an amount equal
- 5 to 100 percent of the amount paid during the tax-
- 6 able year for insurance which constitutes medical
- 7 care for the taxpayer and the taxpayer's spouse and
- 8 dependents.".
- 9 (b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by
- 10 this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after
- 11 December 31, 2001.
- 12 SEC. 413. CREDIT FOR HEALTH INSURANCE EXPENSES OF
- 13 SMALL BUSINESSES.
- 14 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subpart D of part IV of sub-
- 15 chapter A of chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of
- 16 1986 (relating to business-related credits) is amended by
- 17 adding at the end the following:
- 18 "SEC. 45E. SMALL BUSINESS HEALTH INSURANCE EX-
- 19 **PENSES.**
- 20 "(a) General Rule.—For purposes of section 38,
- 21 in the case of a small employer, the health insurance credit
- 22 determined under this section for the taxable year is an
- 23 amount equal to the applicable percentage of the expenses
- 24 paid by the taxpayer during the taxable year for health

1	insurance coverage for such year provided under a new
2	health plan for employees of such employer.
3	"(b) Applicable Percentage.—For purposes of
4	subsection (a), the applicable percentage is—
5	"(1) in the case of insurance purchased as a
6	member of a qualified health benefit purchasing coa-
7	lition (as defined in section 9841), 30 percent, and
8	"(2) in the case of insurance not described in
9	paragraph (1), 20 percent.
10	"(c) Limitations.—
11	"(1) Per employee dollar limitation.—
12	The amount of expenses taken into account under
13	subsection (a) with respect to any employee for any
14	taxable year shall not exceed—
15	"(A) \$2,000 in the case of self-only cov-
16	erage, and
17	"(B) \$5,000 in the case of family coverage.
18	In the case of an employee who is covered by a new
19	health plan of the employer for only a portion of
20	such taxable year, the limitation under the preceding
21	sentence shall be an amount which bears the same
22	ratio to such limitation (determined without regard
23	to this sentence) as such portion bears to the entire
24	taxable year.

1	"(2) Period of Coverage.—Expenses may be
2	taken into account under subsection (a) only with
3	respect to coverage for the 4-year period beginning
4	on the date the employer establishes a new health
5	plan.
6	"(d) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—
7	"(1) HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE.—The
8	term 'health insurance coverage' has the meaning
9	given such term by section 9832(b)(1).
10	"(2) New Health Plan.—
11	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'new health
12	plan' means any arrangement of the employer
13	which provides health insurance coverage to em-
14	ployees if—
15	"(i) such employer (and any prede-
16	cessor employer) did not establish or main-
17	tain such arrangement (or any similar ar-
18	rangement) at any time during the 2 tax-
19	able years ending prior to the taxable year
20	in which the credit under this section is
21	first allowed, and
22	"(ii) such arrangement provides
23	health insurance coverage to at least 70
24	percent of the qualified employees of such
25	employer.

1	"(B) Qualified employee.—
2	"(i) In general.—The term 'quali-
3	fied employee' means any employee of an
4	employer if the annual rate of such em-
5	ployee's compensation (as defined in sec-
6	tion 414(s)) exceeds \$10,000.
7	"(ii) Treatment of certain em-
8	PLOYEES.—The term 'employee' shall in-
9	clude a leased employee within the mean-
10	ing of section 414(n).
11	"(3) Small employer.—The term 'small em-
12	ployer' has the meaning given to such term by sec-
13	tion 4980D(d)(2); except that only qualified employ-
14	ees shall be taken into account.
15	"(e) Special Rules.—
16	"(1) CERTAIN RULES MADE APPLICABLE.—For
17	purposes of this section, rules similar to the rules of
18	section 52 shall apply.
19	"(2) Amounts paid under salary reduc-
20	TION ARRANGEMENTS.—No amount paid or incurred
21	pursuant to a salary reduction arrangement shall be
22	taken into account under subsection (a).
23	"(f) TERMINATION.—This section shall not apply to
24	expenses paid or incurred by an employer with respect to

- 1 any arrangement established on or after January 1,
- 2 2010.".
- 3 (b) Credit To Be Part of General Business
- 4 Credit.—Section 38(b) of such Code (relating to current
- 5 year business credit) is amended by striking "plus" at the
- 6 end of paragraph (12), by striking the period at the end
- 7 of paragraph (13) and inserting ", plus", and by adding
- 8 at the end the following:
- 9 "(14) in the case of a small employer (as de-
- fined in section 45E(d)(3), the health insurance
- 11 credit determined under section 45E(a).".
- 12 (c) No Carrybacks.—Subsection (d) of section 39
- 13 of such Code (relating to carryback and carryforward of
- 14 unused credits) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 15 lowing:
- 16 "(10) NO CARRYBACK OF SECTION 45E CREDIT
- 17 BEFORE EFFECTIVE DATE.—No portion of the un-
- 18 used business credit for any taxable year which is
- 19 attributable to the employee health insurance ex-
- penses credit determined under section 45E may be
- 21 carried back to a taxable year ending before the date
- of the enactment of section 45E.".
- 23 (d) Denial of Double Benefit.—Section 280C of
- 24 such Code is amended by adding at the end the following
- 25 new subsection:

- 1 "(d) Credit for Small Business Health Insur-2 ANCE EXPENSES.— 3 "(1) IN GENERAL.—No deduction shall be allowed for that portion of the expenses (otherwise al-5 lowable as a deduction) taken into account in deter-6 mining the credit under section 45E for the taxable 7 year which is equal to the amount of the credit de-8 termined for such taxable year under section 9 45E(a). 10 "(2) Controlled Groups.—Persons treated 11 as a single employer under subsection (a) or (b) of 12 section 52 shall be treated as 1 person for purposes 13 of this section.". 14 (e) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections
- 15 for subpart D of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1
 16 of such Code is amended by adding at the end the fol17 lowing:

"Sec. 45E. Small business health insurance expenses.".

18 (f) Effective Date.—The amendments made by 19 this section shall apply to amounts paid or incurred in tax-20 able years beginning after December 31, 2001, for ar-21 rangements established after the date of the enactment 22 of this Act.

1	SEC. 414. CERTAIN GRANTS BY PRIVATE FOUNDATIONS TO
2	QUALIFIED HEALTH BENEFIT PURCHASING
3	COALITIONS.
4	(a) In General.—Section 4942 of the Internal Rev-
5	enue Code of 1986 (relating to taxes on failure to dis-
6	tribute income) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
7	lowing:
8	"(k) Certain Qualified Health Benefit Pur-
9	CHASING COALITION DISTRIBUTIONS.—
10	"(1) In general.—For purposes of subsection
11	(g), sections 170, 501, 507, 509, and 2522, and this
12	chapter, a qualified health benefit purchasing coali-
13	tion distribution by a private foundation shall be
14	considered to be a distribution for a charitable pur-
15	pose.
16	"(2) Qualified health benefit pur-
17	CHASING COALITION DISTRIBUTION.—For purposes
18	of paragraph (1)—
19	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'qualified
20	health benefit purchasing coalition distribution'
21	means any amount paid or incurred by a pri-
22	vate foundation to or on behalf of a qualified
23	health benefit purchasing coalition (as defined
24	in section 9841) for purposes of payment or re-
25	imbursement of amounts paid or incurred in

1	connection with the establishment and mainte-
2	nance of such coalition.
3	"(B) Exclusions.—Such term shall not
4	include any amount used by a qualified health
5	benefit purchasing coalition (as so defined)—
6	"(i) for the purchase of real property
7	"(ii) as payment to, or for the benefit
8	of, members (or employees or affiliates of
9	such members) of such coalition, or
10	"(iii) for any expense paid or incurred
11	more than 48 months after the date of es-
12	tablishment of such coalition.
13	"(3) Termination.—This subsection shall not
14	apply—
15	"(A) to qualified health benefit purchasing
16	coalition distributions paid or incurred after
17	December 31, 2009, and
18	"(B) with respect to start-up costs of a co-
19	alition which are paid or incurred after Decem-
20	ber 31, 2010.".
21	(b) Qualified Health Benefit Purchasing Co-
22	ALITION.—
23	(1) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 100 of such Code
24	(relating to group health plan requirements) is

1	amended by adding at the end the following new
2	subchapter:
3	"Subchapter D—Qualified Health Benefit
4	Purchasing Coalition
	"Sec. 9841. Qualified health benefit purchasing coalition.
5	"SEC. 9841. QUALIFIED HEALTH BENEFIT PURCHASING CO
6	ALITION.
7	"(a) In General.—A qualified health benefit pur-
8	chasing coalition is a private not-for-profit corporation
9	which—
10	"(1) sells health insurance through State li-
11	censed health insurance issuers in the State in which
12	the employers to which such coalition is providing
13	insurance are located, and
14	"(2) establishes to the Secretary, under State
15	certification procedures or other procedures as the
16	Secretary may provide by regulation, that such coali-
17	tion meets the requirements of this section.
18	"(b) Board of Directors.—
19	"(1) In general.—Each purchasing coalition
20	under this section shall be governed by a Board of
21	Directors.
22	"(2) Election.—The Secretary shall establish
23	procedures governing election of such Board.

1	"(3) Membership.—The Board of Directors
2	shall—
3	"(A) be composed of representatives of the
4	members of the coalition, in equal number, in-
5	cluding small employers and employee rep-
6	resentatives of such employers, but
7	"(B) not include other interested parties
8	such as service providers, health insurers, or in-
9	surance agents or brokers which may have a
10	conflict of interest with the purposes of the coa-
11	lition.
12	"(c) Membership of Coalition.—
13	"(1) In General.—A purchasing coalition
14	shall accept all small employers residing within the
15	area served by the coalition as members if such em-
16	ployers request such membership.
17	"(2) Other members.—The coalition, at the
18	discretion of its Board of Directors, may be open to
19	individuals and large employers.
20	"(3) Voting.—Members of a purchasing coali-
21	tion shall have voting rights consistent with the rules
22	established by the State.
23	"(d) Duties of Purchasing Coalitions.—Each
24	purchasing coalition shall—

1	"(1) enter into agreements with small employ-
2	ers (and, at the discretion of its Board, with individ-
3	uals and other employers) to provide health insur-
4	ance benefits to employees and retirees of such em-
5	ployers,
6	"(2) where feasible, enter into agreements with
7	3 or more unaffiliated, qualified licensed health
8	plans, to offer benefits to members,
9	"(3) offer to members at least 1 open enroll-
10	ment period of at least 30 days per calendar year,
11	"(4) serve a significant geographical area and
12	market to all eligible members in that area, and
13	"(5) carry out other functions provided for
14	under this section.
15	"(e) Limitation on Activities.—A purchasing coa-
16	lition shall not—
17	"(1) perform any activity (including certifi-
18	cation or enforcement) relating to compliance or li-
19	censing of health plans,
20	"(2) assume insurance or financial risk in rela-
21	tion to any health plan, or
22	"(3) perform other activities identified by the
23	State as being inconsistent with the performance of
24	its duties under this section.

- 1 "(f) Additional Requirements for Purchasing
- 2 Coalitions.—As provided by the Secretary in regula-
- 3 tions, a purchasing coalition shall be subject to require-
- 4 ments similar to the requirements of a group health plan
- 5 under this chapter.

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- 6 "(g) Relation to Other Laws.—
- 7 "(1) PREEMPTION OF STATE **FICTITIOUS** 8 GROUP LAWS.—Requirements (commonly referred to 9 as fictitious group laws) relating to grouping and 10 similar requirements for health insurance coverage 11 are preempted to the extent such requirements im-12 pede the establishment and operation of qualified

health benefit purchasing coalitions.

- "(2) Allowing savings to be passed through.—Any State law that prohibits health insurance issuers from reducing premiums on health insurance coverage sold through a qualified health benefit purchasing coalition to reflect administrative savings is preempted. This paragraph shall not be construed to preempt State laws that impose restrictions on premiums based on health status, claims history, industry, age, gender, or other underwriting factors.
- 24 "(3) NO WAIVER OF HIPAA REQUIREMENTS.—
 25 Nothing in this section shall be construed to change

- 1 the obligation of health insurance issuers to comply
- with the requirements of title XXVII of the Public
- 3 Health Service Act with respect to health insurance
- 4 coverage offered to small employers in the small
- 5 group market through a qualified health benefit pur-
- 6 chasing coalition.
- 7 "(h) Definition of Small Employer.—For pur-
- 8 poses of this section—
- 9 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The term 'small employer'
- means, with respect to any calendar year, any em-
- 11 ployer if such employer employed an average of at
- least 2 and not more than 50 qualified employees on
- business days during either of the 2 preceding cal-
- endar years. For purposes of the preceding sentence,
- a preceding calendar year may be taken into account
- only if the employer was in existence throughout
- such year.
- 18 "(2) Employers not in existence in pre-
- 19 CEDING YEAR.—In the case of an employer which
- was not in existence throughout the 1st preceding
- 21 calendar year, the determination under paragraph
- (1) shall be based on the average number of quali-
- field employees that it is reasonably expected such
- employer will employ on business days in the current
- calendar year.".

1	(2) Conforming amendment.—The table of
2	subchapters for chapter 100 of such Code is amend-
3	ed by adding at the end the following item:
	"Subchapter D. Qualified health benefit purchasing coalition.".
4	(c) Effective Date.—The amendment made by
5	subsection (a) shall apply to taxable years beginning after
6	December 31, 2001.
7	SEC. 415. STATE GRANT PROGRAM FOR MARKET INNOVA-
8	TION.
9	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Health and
10	Human Services (in this section referred to as the "Sec-
11	retary") shall establish a program (in this section referred
12	to as the "program") to award demonstration grants
13	under this section to States to allow States to demonstrate
14	the effectiveness of innovative ways to increase access to
15	health insurance through market reforms and other inno-
16	vative means. Such innovative means may include (and are
17	not limited to) any of the following:
18	(1) Alternative group purchasing or pooling ar-
19	rangements, such as a purchasing cooperatives for
20	small businesses, reinsurance pools, or high risk
21	pools.
22	(2) Individual or small group market reforms.
23	(3) Consumer education and outreach.
24	(4) Subsidies to individuals, employers, or both,
25	in obtaining health insurance.

1	(b) Scope; Duration.—The program shall be lim-
2	ited to not more than 10 States and to a total period of
3	5 years, beginning on the date the first demonstration
4	grant is made.
5	(c) Conditions for Demonstration Grants.—
6	(1) In general.—The Secretary may not pro-
7	vide for a demonstration grant to a State under the
8	program unless the Secretary finds that under the
9	proposed demonstration grant—
10	(A) the State will provide for demonstrated
11	increase of access for some portion of the exist-
12	ing uninsured population through a market in-
13	novation (other than merely through a financial
14	expansion of a program initiated before the
15	date of the enactment of this Act);
16	(B) the State will comply with applicable
17	Federal laws;
18	(C) the State will not discriminate among
19	participants on the basis of any health status-
20	related factor (as defined in section 2791(d)(9)
21	of the Public Health Service Act), except to the
22	extent a State wishes to focus on populations
23	that otherwise would not obtain health insur-
24	ance because of such factors, and

1	(D) the State will provide for such evalua-
2	tion, in coordination with the evaluation re-
3	quired under subsection (d), as the Secretary
4	may specify.
5	(2) Application.—The Secretary shall not
6	provide a demonstration grant under the program to
7	a State unless—
8	(A) the State submits to the Secretary
9	such an application, in such a form and man-
10	ner, as the Secretary specifies;
11	(B) the application includes information
12	regarding how the demonstration grant will ad-
13	dress issues such as governance, targeted popu-
14	lation, expected cost, and the continuation after
15	the completion of the demonstration grant pe-
16	riod; and
17	(C) the Secretary determines that the dem-
18	onstration grant will be used consistent with
19	this section.
20	(3) Focus.—A demonstration grant proposal
21	under section need not cover all uninsured individ-
22	uals in a State or all health care benefits with re-
23	spect to such individuals.
24	(d) EVALUATION.—The Secretary shall enter into a
25	contract with an appropriate entity outside the Depart-

- 1 ment of Health and Human Services to conduct an overall
- 2 evaluation of the program at the end of the program pe-
- 3 riod. Such evaluation shall include an analysis of improve-
- 4 ments in access, costs, quality of care, or choice of cov-
- 5 erage, under different demonstration grants.
- 6 (e) Option To Provide for Initial Planning
- 7 Grants.—Notwithstanding the previous provisions of this
- 8 section, under the program the Secretary may provide for
- 9 a portion of the amounts appropriated under subsection
- 10 (f) (not to exceed \$5,000,000) to be made available to any
- 11 State for initial planning grants to permit States to de-
- 12 velop demonstration grant proposals under the previous
- 13 provisions of this section.
- 14 (f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
- 15 are authorized to be appropriated \$100,000,000 for each
- 16 fiscal year to carry out this section. Amounts appropriated
- 17 under this subsection shall remain available until ex-
- 18 pended.
- 19 (g) State Defined.—For purposes of this section,
- 20 the term "State" has the meaning given such term for
- 21 purposes of title XIX of the Social Security Act.

TITLE V—EFFECTIVE DATES; CO-

2 ORDINATION IN IMPLEMEN-

3 TATION

- 4 SEC. 501. EFFECTIVE DATES.
- 5 (a) Group Health Coverage.—
- 6 (1) In General.—Subject to paragraph (2) 7 and subsection (d), the amendments made by sec-8 tions 201(a), 301, 303, and 401 and 402 (and title 9 I insofar as it relates to such sections) shall apply 10 with respect to group health plans, and health insur-11 ance coverage offered in connection with group 12 health plans, for plan years beginning on or after 13 January 1, 2002 (in this section referred to as the "general effective date"). 14
 - (2) Treatment of collective bargaining.—In the case of a group health plan maintained pursuant to one or more collective bargaining agreements between employee representatives and one or more employers ratified before the date of the enactment of this Act, the amendments made by sections 201(a), 301, 303, and 401 and 402 (and title I insofar as it relates to such sections) shall not apply to plan years beginning before the later of—

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1	(A) the date on which the last collective
2	bargaining agreements relating to the plan ter-
3	minates (determined without regard to any ex-
4	tension thereof agreed to after the date of the
5	enactment of this Act); or
6	(B) the general effective date.
7	For purposes of subparagraph (A), any plan amend-
8	ment made pursuant to a collective bargaining
9	agreement relating to the plan which amends the
10	plan solely to conform to any requirement added by
11	this division shall not be treated as a termination of
12	such collective bargaining agreement.
13	(b) Individual Health Insurance Coverage.—
14	Subject to subsection (d), the amendments made by sec-
15	tion 202 shall apply with respect to individual health in-
16	surance coverage offered, sold, issued, renewed, in effect,
17	or operated in the individual market on or after the gen-
18	eral effective date.
19	(e) Treatment of Religious Nonmedical Pro-
20	VIDERS.—
21	(1) In general.—Nothing in this Act (or the
22	amendments made thereby) shall be construed to—
23	(A) restrict or limit the right of group
24	health plans, and of health insurance issuers of-

1	fering health insurance coverage, to include as
2	providers religious nonmedical providers;
3	(B) require such plans or issuers to—
4	(i) utilize medically based eligibility
5	standards or criteria in deciding provider
6	status of religious nonmedical providers;
7	(ii) use medical professionals or cri-
8	teria to decide patient access to religious
9	nonmedical providers;
10	(iii) utilize medical professionals or
11	criteria in making decisions in internal or
12	external appeals regarding coverage for
13	care by religious nonmedical providers; or
14	(iv) compel a participant or bene-
15	ficiary to undergo a medical examination
16	or test as a condition of receiving health
17	insurance coverage for treatment by a reli-
18	gious nonmedical provider; or
19	(C) require such plans or issuers to ex-
20	clude religious nonmedical providers because
21	they do not provide medical or other required
22	data, if such data is inconsistent with the reli-
23	gious nonmedical treatment or nursing care
24	provided by the provider.

1	(2) Religious nonmedical provider.—For
2	purposes of this subsection, the term "religious non-
3	medical provider" means a provider who provides no
4	medical care but who provides only religious non-
5	medical treatment or religious nonmedical nursing
6	care.
7	(d) Transition for Notice Requirement.—The
8	disclosure of information required under section 121 of
9	this Act shall first be provided pursuant to—
10	(1) subsection (a) with respect to a group
11	health plan that is maintained as of the general ef-
12	fective date, not later than 30 days before the begin-
13	ning of the first plan year to which title I applies
14	in connection with the plan under such subsection;
15	or
16	(2) subsection (b) with respect to a individual
17	health insurance coverage that is in effect as of the
18	general effective date, not later than 30 days before
19	the first date as of which title I applies to the cov-
20	erage under such subsection.
21	SEC. 502. COORDINATION IN IMPLEMENTATION.
22	The Secretary of Labor, the Secretary of Health and
23	Human Services, and the Secretary of the Treasury shall
24	ensure, through the execution of an interagency memo-

25 randum of understanding among such Secretaries, that—

	(1) regulations, rulings, and interpretations
2	issued by such Secretaries relating to the same mat-
3	ter over which such Secretaries have responsibility
1	under the provisions of this division (and the amend-
5	ments made thereby) are administered so as to have
5	the same effect at all times; and

(2) coordination of policies relating to enforcing the same requirements through such Secretaries in order to have a coordinated enforcement strategy that avoids duplication of enforcement efforts and assigns priorities in enforcement.

12 SEC. 503. SEVERABILITY.

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If any provision of this Act, an amendment made by this Act, or the application of such provision or amendment to any person or circumstance is held to be unconstitutional, the remainder of this Act, the amendments made by this Act, and the application of the provisions of such to any person or circumstance shall not be affected thereby.

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